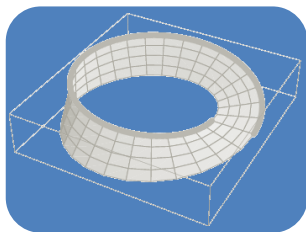


Möbius Aromaticity

Oct. 18, 2011

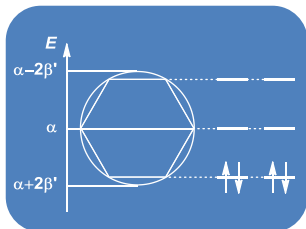
M1 Kumiko Yamamoto

Contents



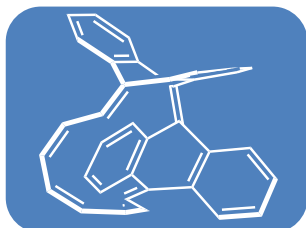
Möbius Strip

Criteria of Aromaticity



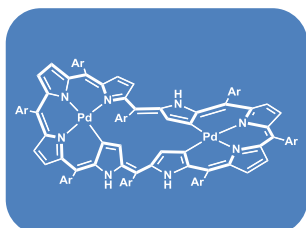
1964 Heilbronner Implications of Möbius Aromaticity

1998 Schleyer et al. A Cationic Möbius Aromatic System (calculation)



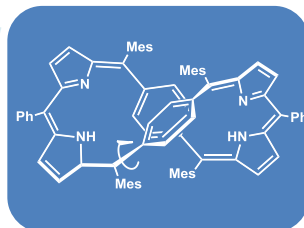
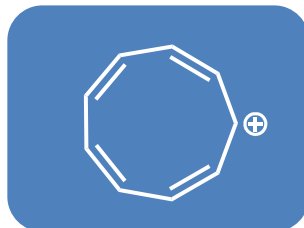
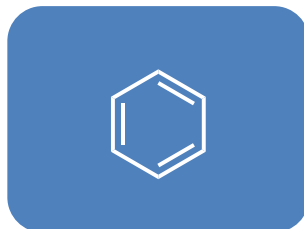
2003 Herges et al. Synthesis and Properties of a Möbius Cycloalkene

2007 Grażyński et al. Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch



2008 Osuka et al. Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity

Summary and Outlook



Möbius Strip

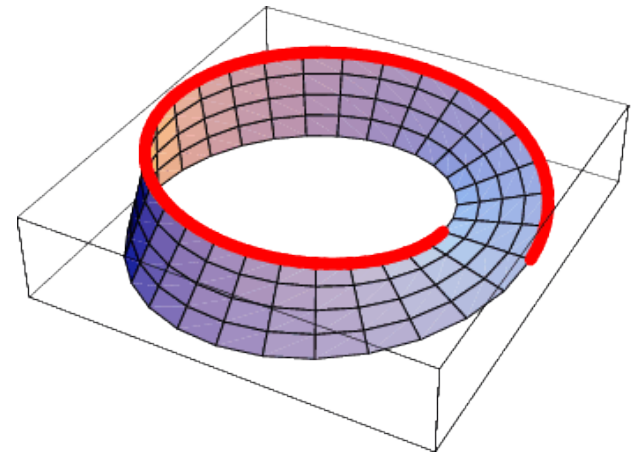
A nonorientable (one-sided) surface obtained by cutting a closed band or cylinder into a single strip, giving one of the two ends thus produced a one-half (180°) twist, and then reattaching the two ends.



August Ferdinand Möbius
(1790-1866)



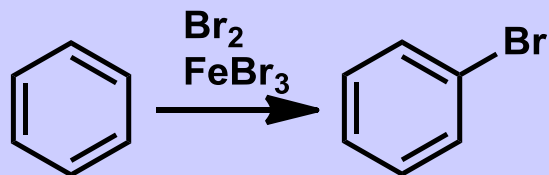
Johann Benedict Listing
(1808-1882)



Criteria of Aromaticity (1)

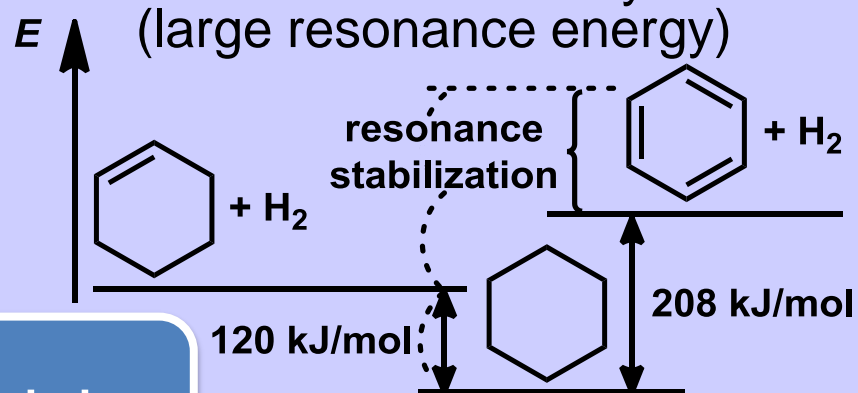
Chemical behavior

electrophilic aromatic substitution



Energetic

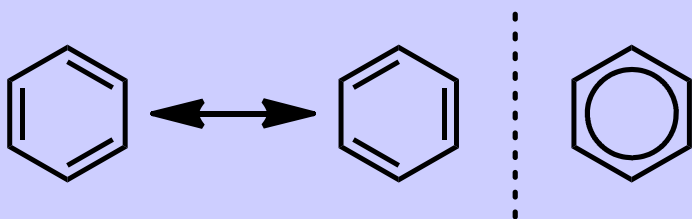
enhanced stability
(large resonance energy)



Aromaticity

Structural

bond length equalization
due to cyclic delocalization



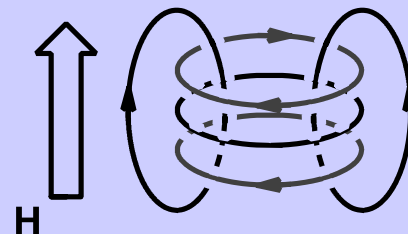
Magnetic

ring current effects

^1H NMR chemical shifts

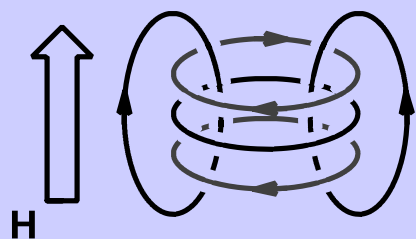
diamagnetic susceptibility exaltation (Δ)

NICS

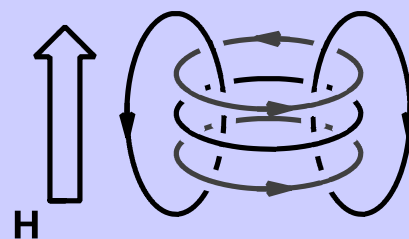


Criteria of Aromaticity (2)

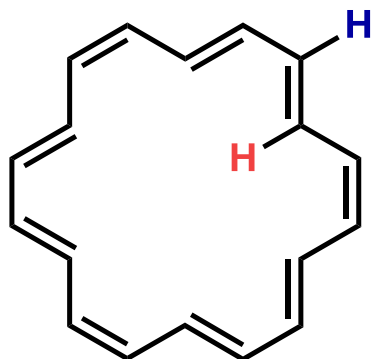
Magnetic ^1H NMR chemical shifts



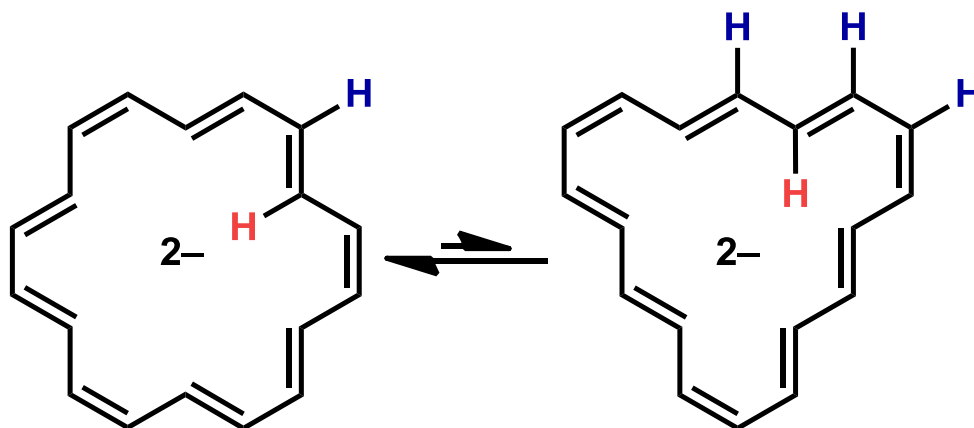
aromatic
diatropic ring current



anti aromatic
paratropic ring current



9.28 ppm (outer protons)
-2.99 ppm (inner protons)
[18]annulene



-1.13 ppm (outer protons)
29.5 ppm, 28.1 ppm (inner protons)
dianion of [18]annulene

Criteria of Aromaticity (3)


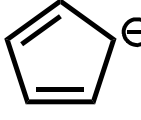
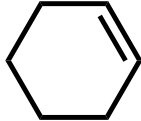




Magnetic diamagnetic susceptibility exaltation (Λ)

$$\Lambda = \chi_M - \chi_{M'}$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Lambda < 0: \text{aromatic compounds} \\ \Lambda \sim 0: \text{nonaromatic compounds} \end{array} \right.$

χ_M : the experimentally determined molar susceptibility of a compound

$\chi_{M'}$: the susceptibility estimated for a cyclopolyene of that structure

Compound	χ_M	$\chi_{M'}$	Λ	Compound	χ_M	$\chi_{M'}$	Λ
	-68.1	-68.1	0.0		-	-	-17.2**
	-57.5	-58.3	0.8		-44.5	-38.0	-6.5 (-2.4**)
	-48.6	-49.3	0.7		-	-	32.6**
	-54.8	-41.1	-13.7	*All values of χ_M , $\chi_{M'}$, and Λ are given in units of $10^{-6} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ (ppm·cgs). **The calculated magnetic susceptibility exaltations.			

H. J. Dauben, Jr., J. D. Wilson, J. L. Laity, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1968**, *90*, 811.
H. J. Dauben, Jr., J. D. Wilson, J. L. Laity, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1969**, *91*, 1991.

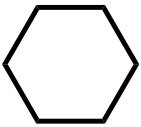
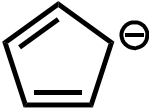


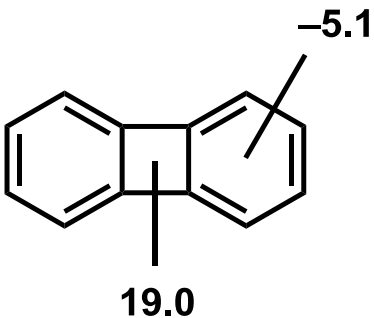
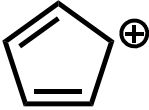
Criteria of Aromaticity (4)

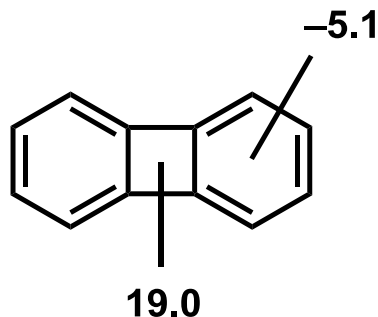
Magnetic

NICS (nucleus-independent chemical shift)

absolute magnetic shieldings, computed at ring centers

{ NICS < 0 : aromaticity
NICS > 0 : antiaromaticity

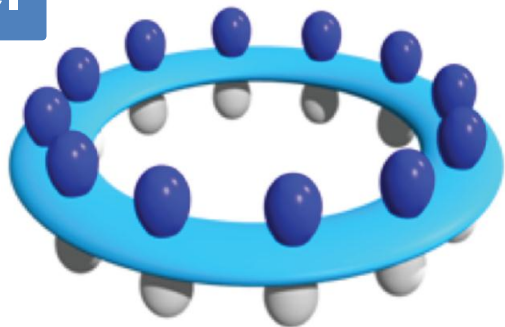
Compound	Λ	NICS	Compound	Λ	NICS
	0.0	-2.2		-17.2**	-14.3
	-13.7	-9.7		-6.5 (-2.4**)	-3.2
				32.6**	54.2



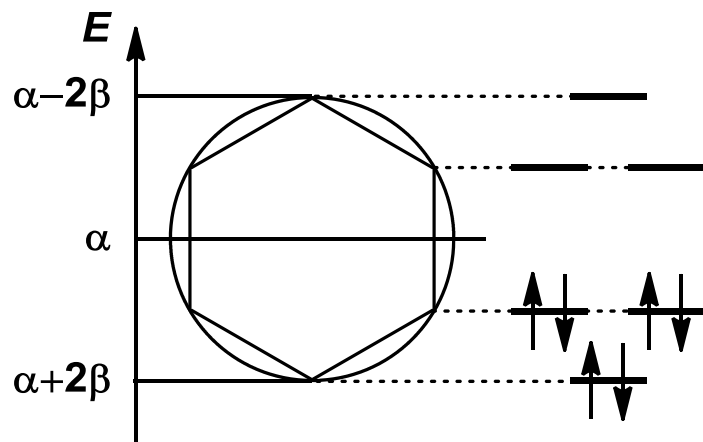
*All values of Λ are given in units of $10^{-6} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ (ppm·cgs) and NICS are given in units of ppm. **The calculated magnetic susceptibility exaltations.

Implications of Möbius Aromaticity

Hückel



$(4n + 2)\pi$: aromatic
 $4n\pi$: antiaromatic

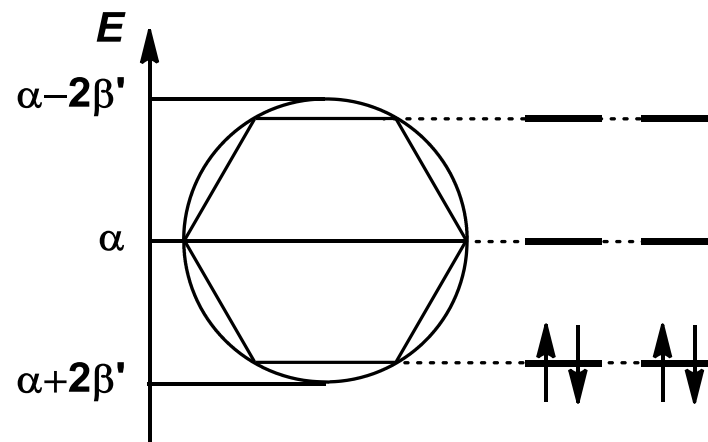


$$\varepsilon_k = \alpha + 2\beta \cos \frac{2k\pi}{N}$$

Möbius

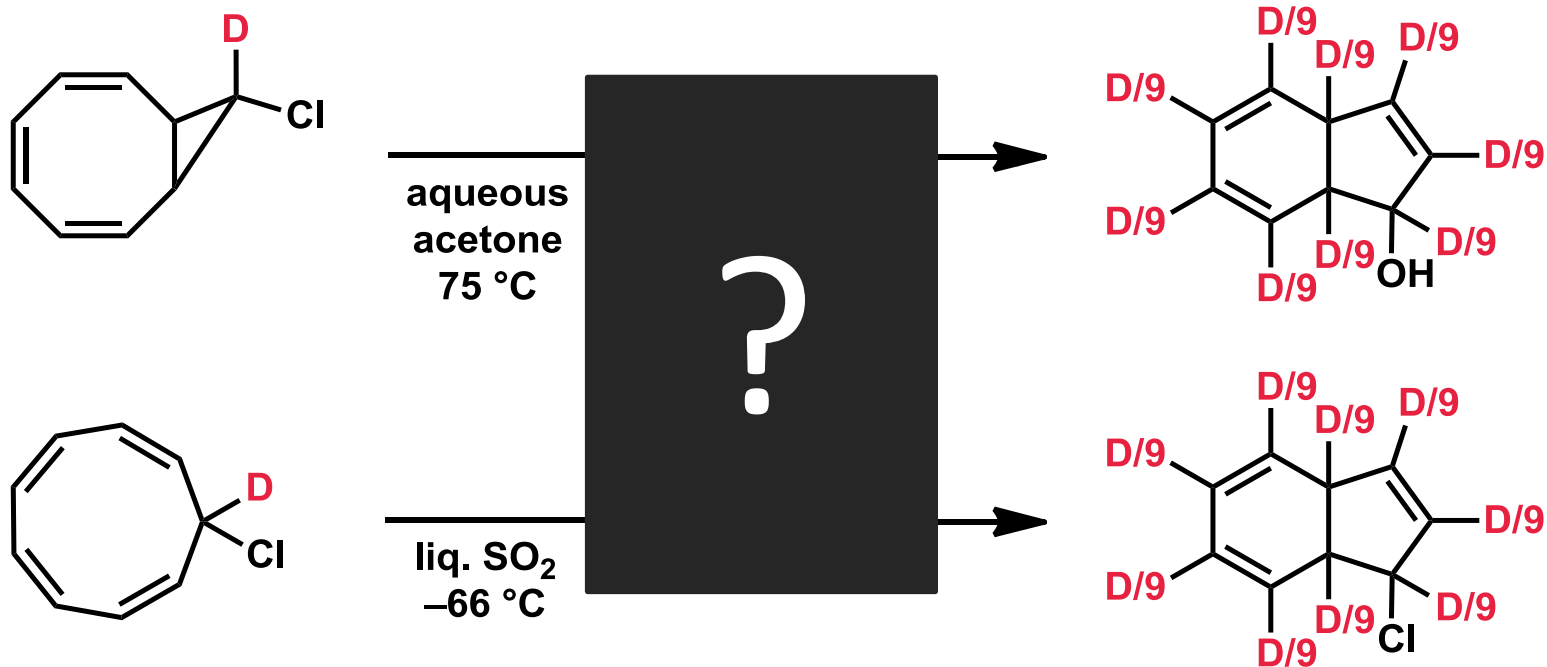


$4n\pi$: aromatic
 $(4n + 2)\pi$: antiaromatic



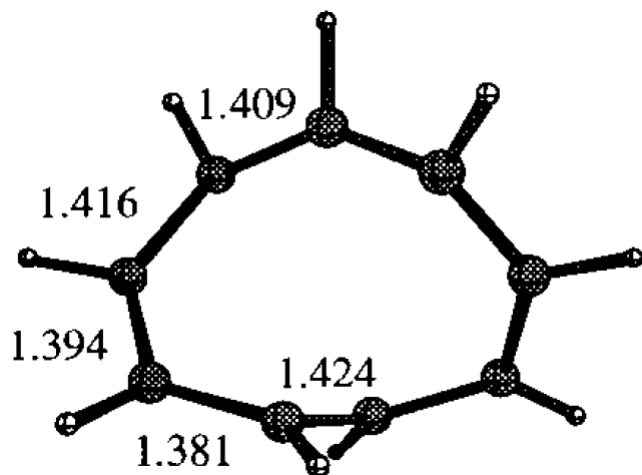
$$\varepsilon_k = \alpha + 2\beta' \cos \frac{(2k+1)\pi}{N}$$

A Cationic Möbius Aromatic System (1)

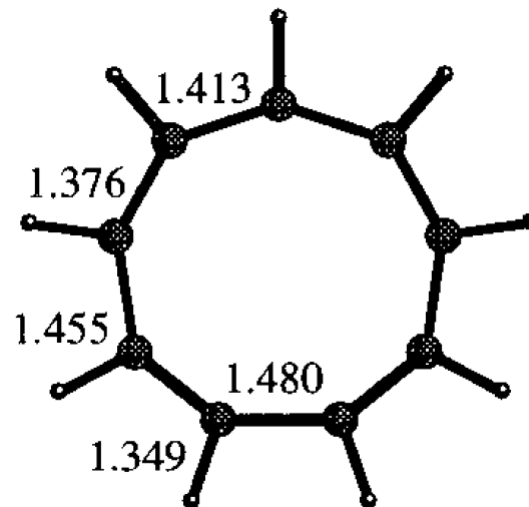


J. C. Barborak, T.-M. Su, P. v. R. Schleyer, G. Boche, G. Schneider, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1971**, 93, 279.
A. G. Anastassiou, E. Yakali, *J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun.* **1972**, 92.

A Cationic Möbius Aromatic System (2)

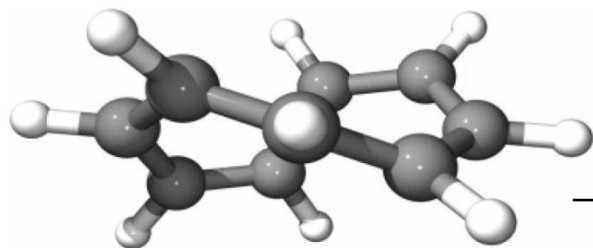


C_2



C_{2v}

(planar geometry)

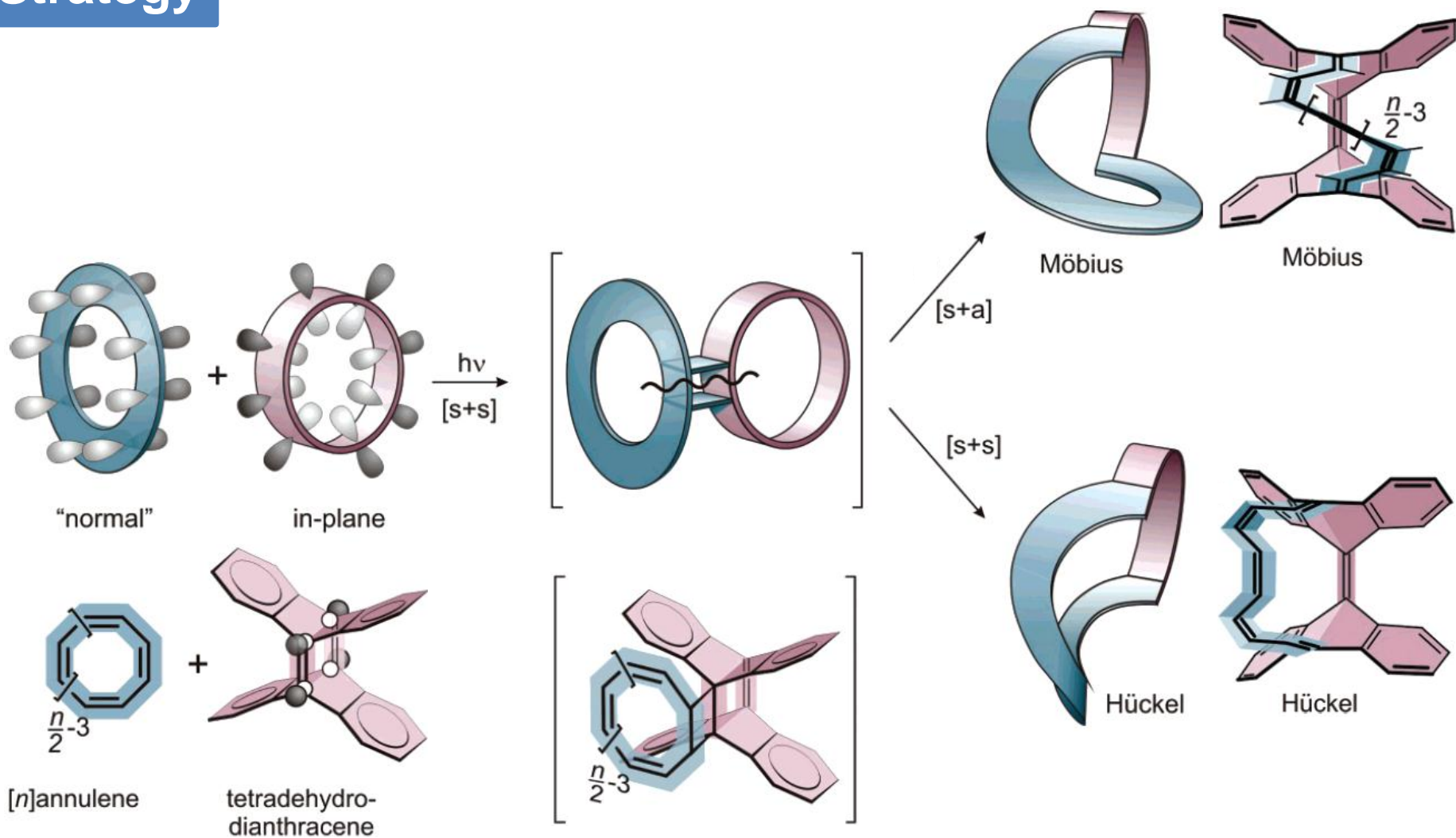


species	E_{rel} (kcal/mol)	ΔR_{C-C} (Å)	Λ (ppm·cgs)	NICS (ppm)
C_2	0.0	0.043	-18.8	-13.4
C_{2v}	+26.3	0.131	+112.2	+42.0

Eight-electron monocyclic cation $(CH)_9^+$ actually does prefer C_2 -symmetrical structure and is Möbius aromatic rather than nonaromatic.

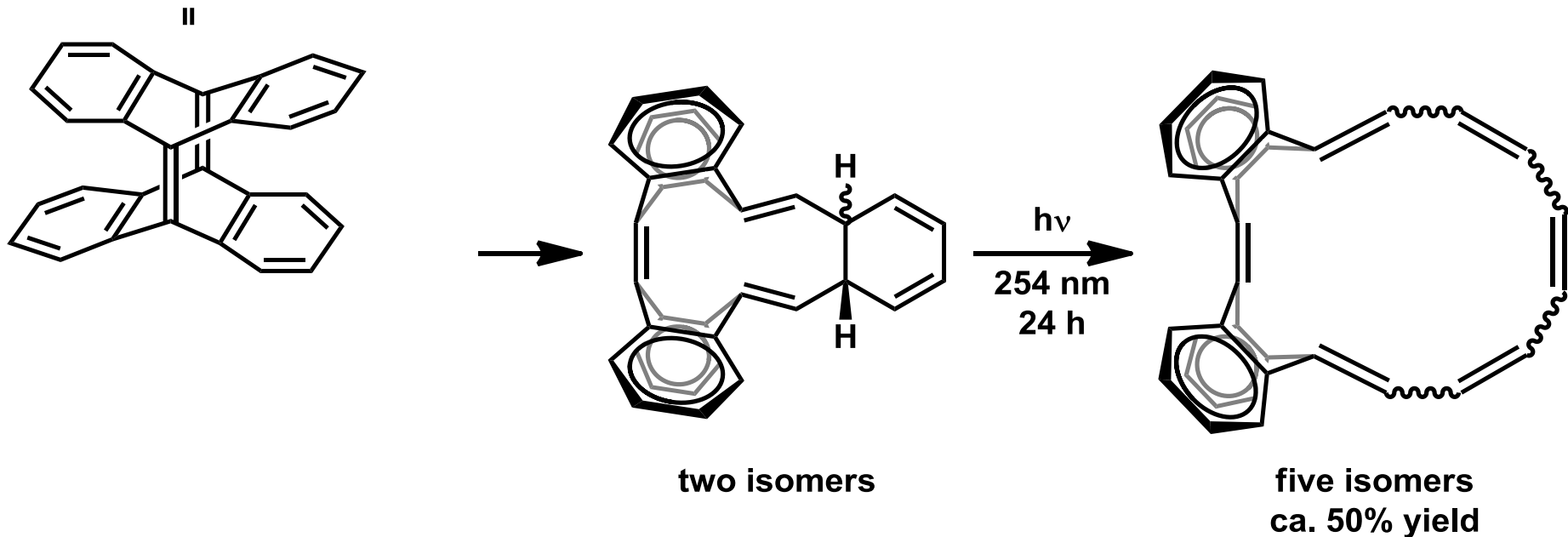
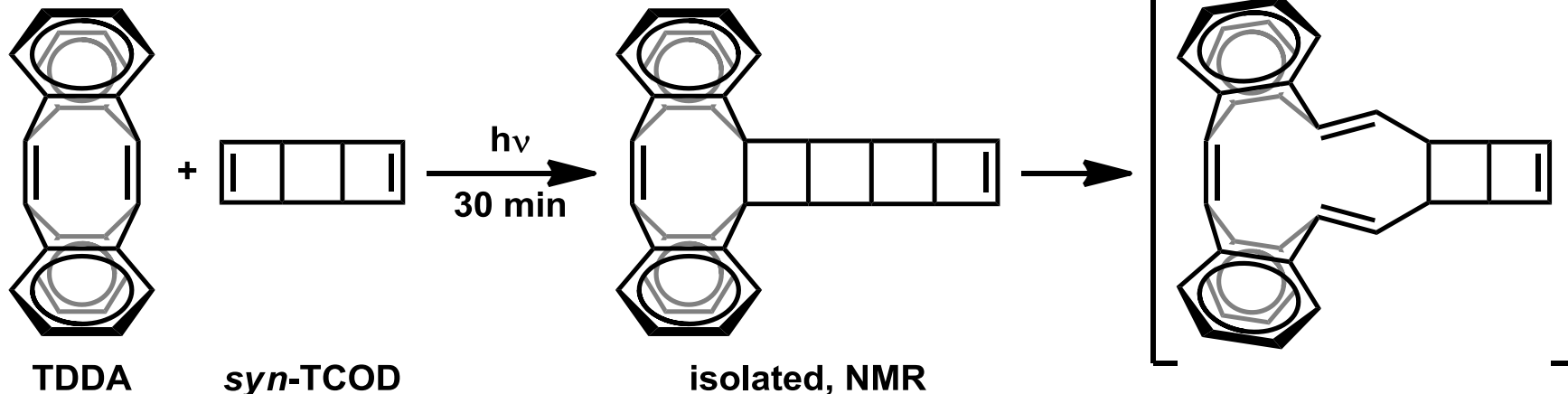
Synthesis and Properties of a Möbius Cycloalkene (1)

Strategy



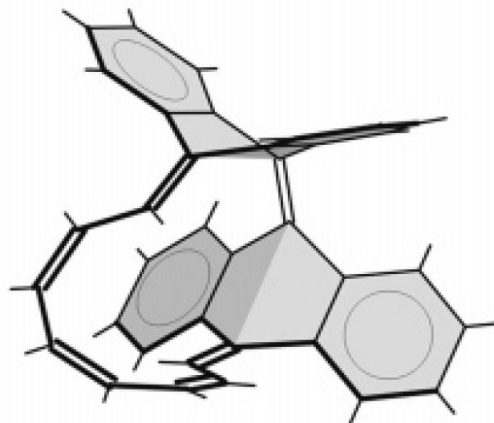
Synthesis and Properties of a Möbius Cycloalkene (2)

Synthesis

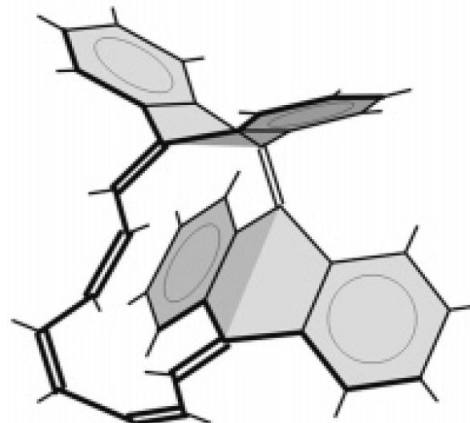


Synthesis and Properties of a Möbius Cycloalkene (3)

Properties



C_2 Möbius



C_s Hückel



species	color	HOMA (polyene bridge)	HOMA (all bonds)	ΔR_{C-C} (Å) (polyene bridge)	ISE _{IIuncorr} * (kcal/mol)
C_2 Möbius	red	0.50	0.35	0.095	4.04
C_s Hückel	colorless	0.05	0.17	0.143	-2.22

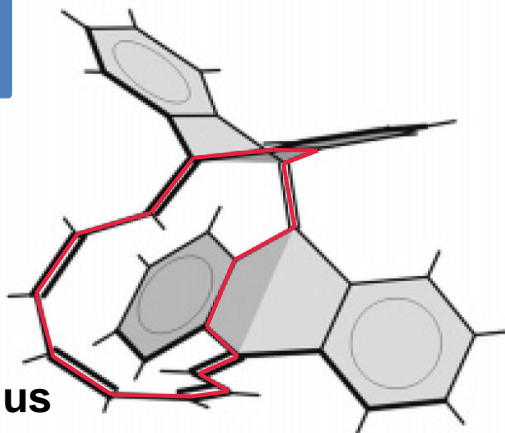
*An aromatic stabilization energy, computed by the indene/isoindene approach.

“Taken together, the observed trends in bond-length equalization and stabilization energy indicate that the Möbius structure is moderately aromatic, whereas the Hückel structure is nonaromatic.”

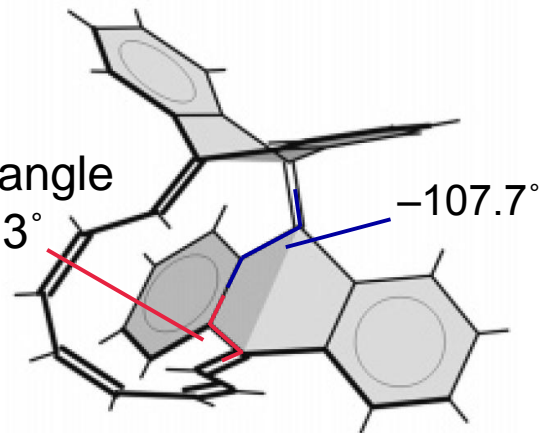
Synthesis and Properties of a Möbius Cycloalkene (4)

Discussion

C₂ Möbius



dihedral angle
-131.3°



data source	HOMA	ΔR_{C-C} (Å)
Herges et al. <i>Nature</i>	0.35 (entire molecule)	0.095 (polyene bridge)
Castro et al. <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>	-0.02 ([16]annulene core)	0.135 ([16]annulene core)

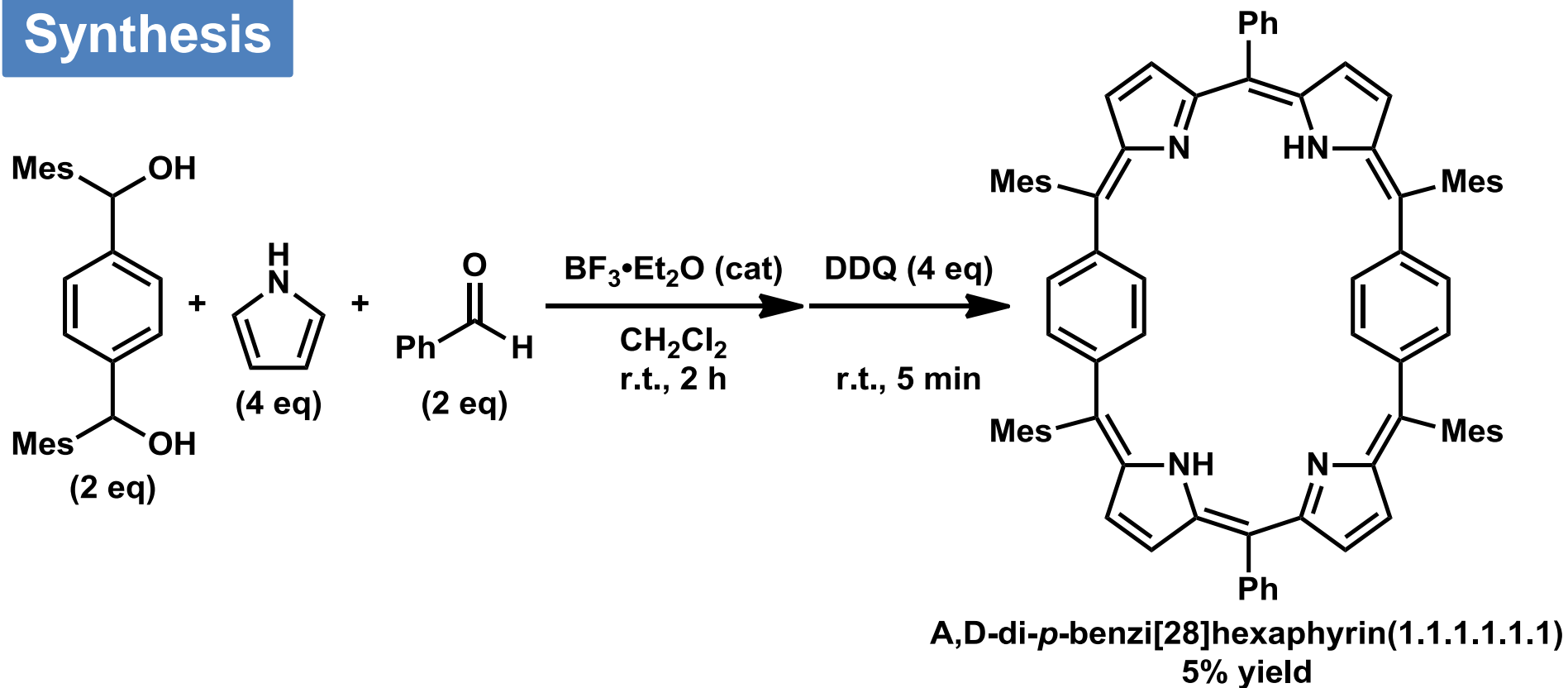
“we conclude that the [16]annulene core of 1 is nonaromatic and that any aromatic character of 1 is confined to the benzene rings.” (1 = C₂ Möbius)

ISE _{II} (kcal/mol)	NICS (ppm)	Λ (ppm•cgs)
4.04 (uncorrected)	-	-
0.6 (corrected)	-3.4	-30.0 (uncorrected) +19.6 (corrected)

C. Castro, Z. Chen, C. S. Wannere, H. Jial, W. L. Karney, M. Mauksch, R. Puchta, N. J. R. v. E. Hommes, P. v. R. Schleyer, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 2425.

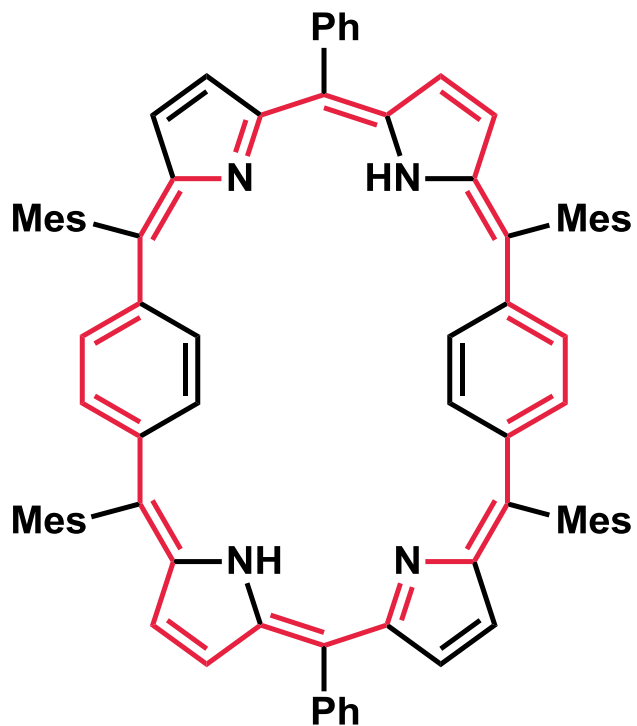
Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch (1)

Synthesis

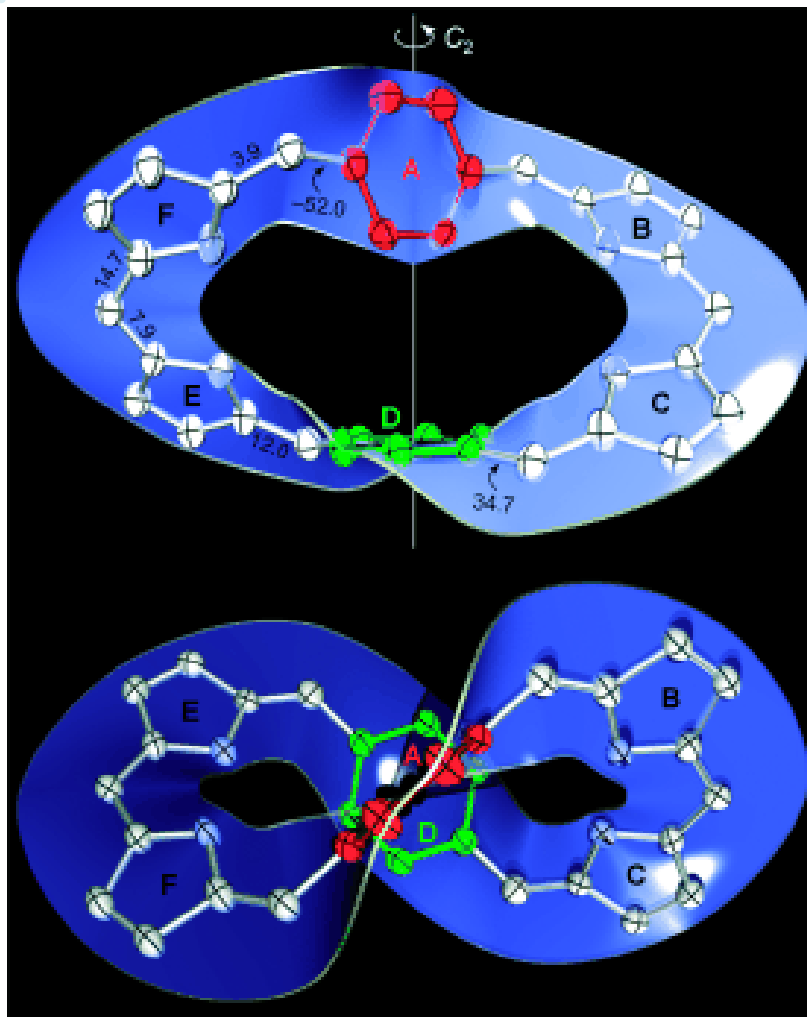


Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch (2)

Properties X-ray crystal structure



A,D-di-*p*-benzi[28]hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1)
28 π electron pathway

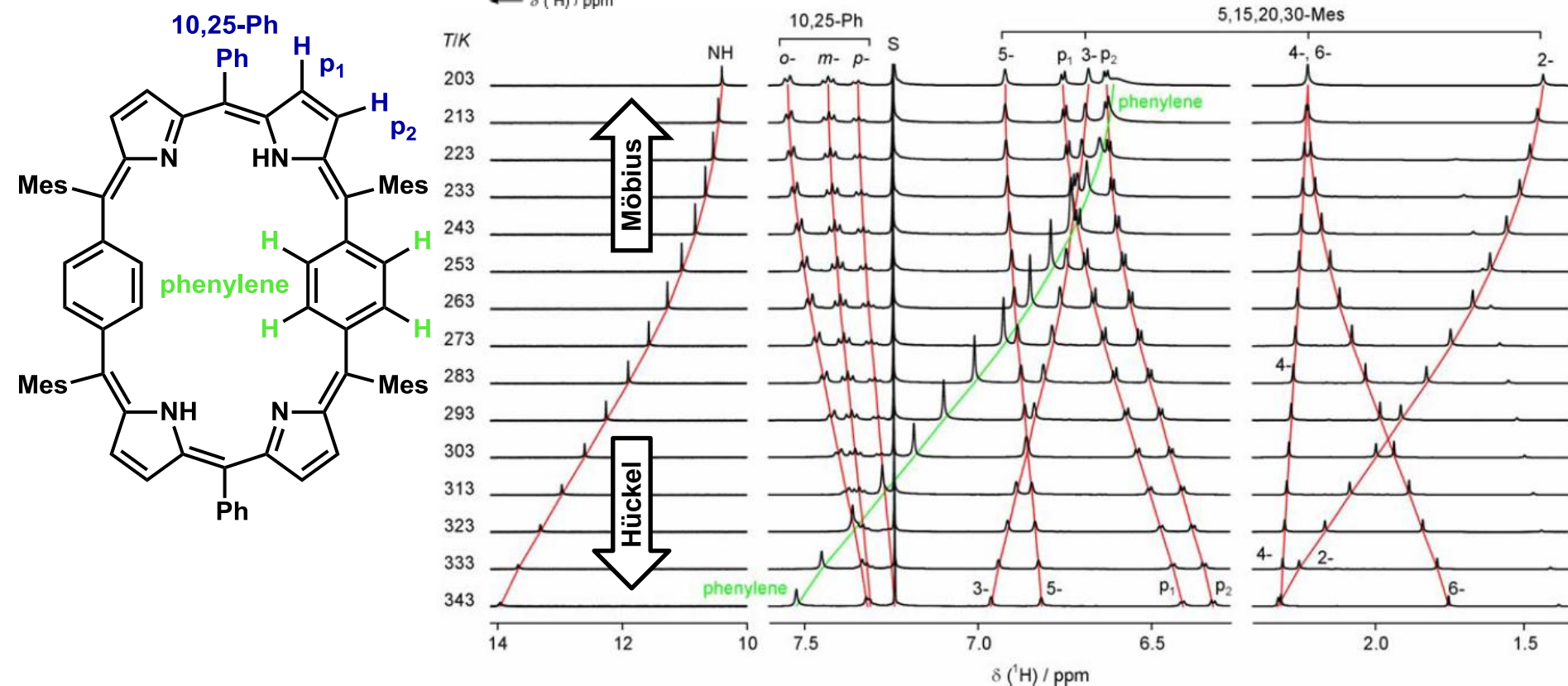
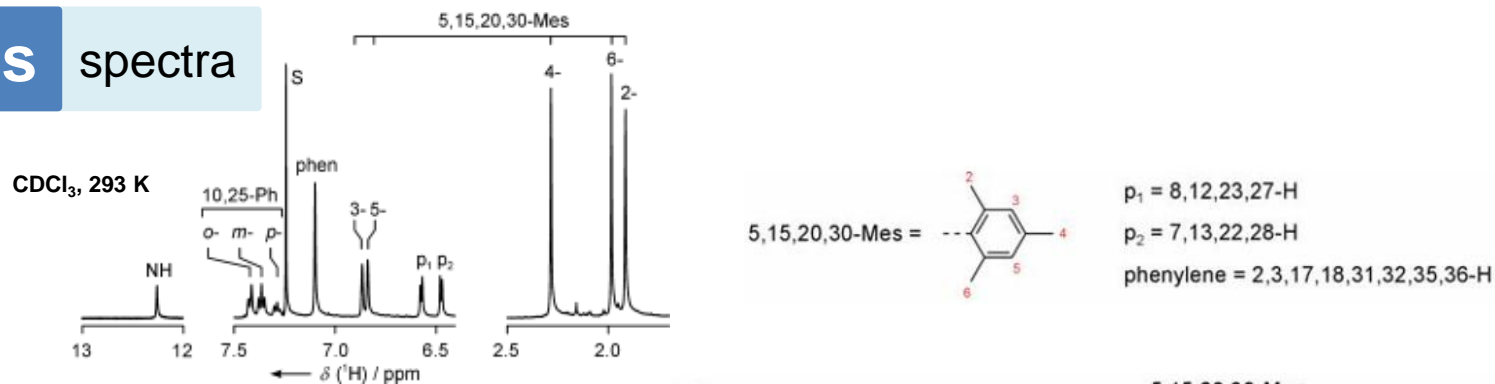


X-ray crystal structure of A,D-di-*p*-benzi[28]hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1).

M. Stępień, L. Latos-Grażyński, N. Sprutta, P. Chwalisz, L. Szterenberga,
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2007**, *46*, 7869.

Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch (3)

Properties spectra



M. Stępień, L. Latos-Grażyński, N. Sprutta, P. Chwalisz, L. Szterenber,
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2007**, *46*, 7869.

Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch (4)

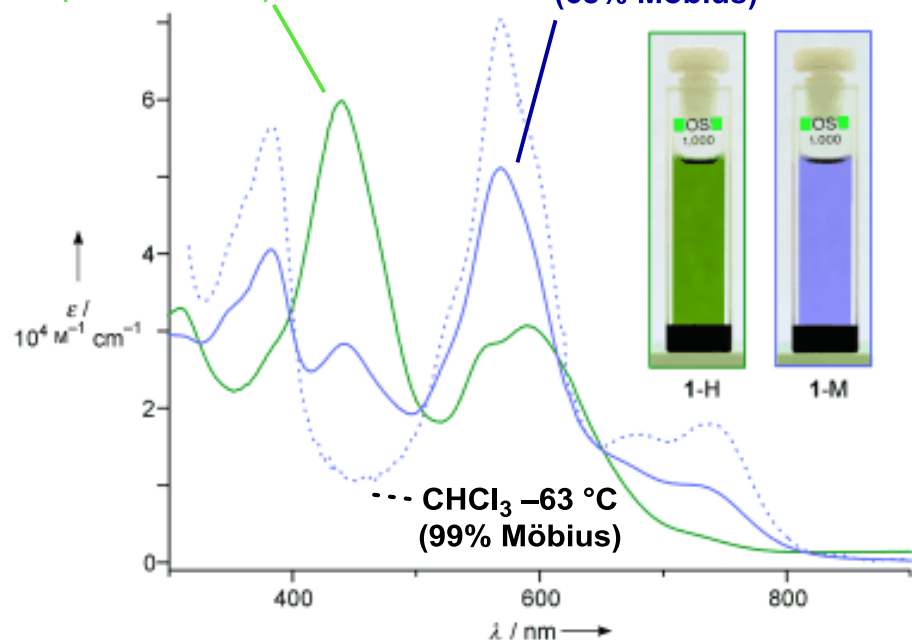
Properties

electron-absorption spectra and DFT calculations

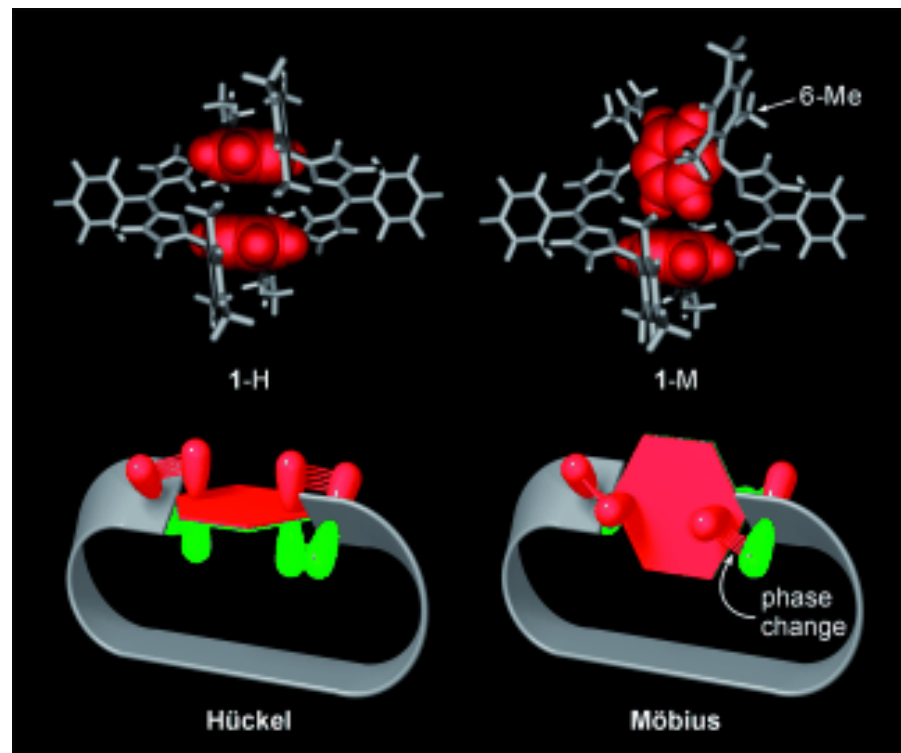
hexane 20 °C
(100% Hückel)

CHCl₃ 20 °C
(68% Möbius)

--- CHCl₃ -63 °C
(99% Möbius)



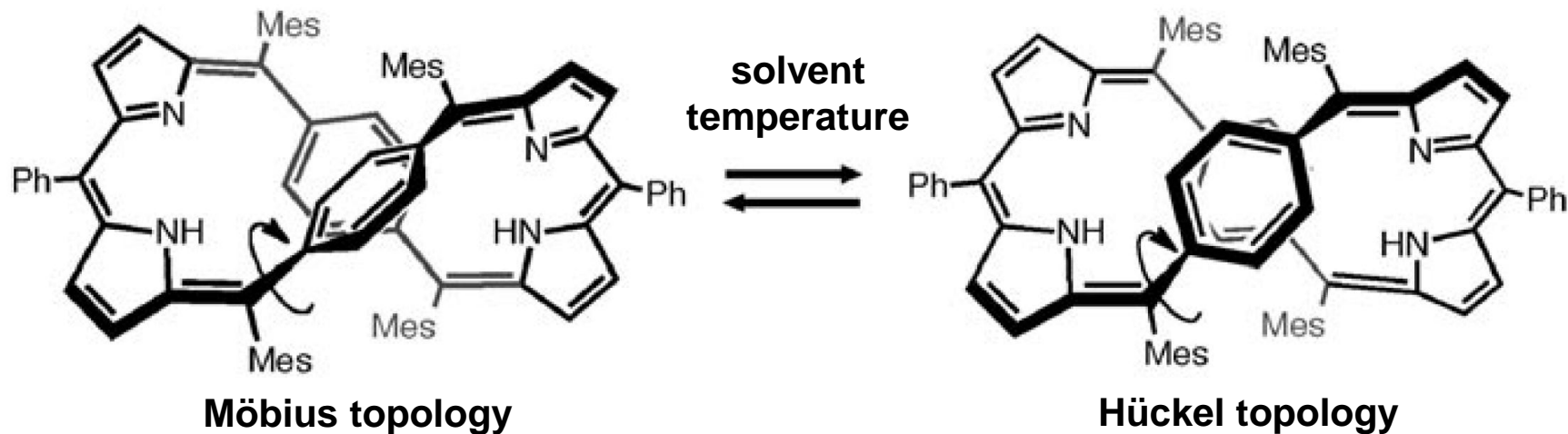
Electronic-absorption spectra of A,D-di-p-benzy[28]hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1).



DFT-optimized geometries of the Hückel and Möbius conformers of A,D-di-p-benzy[28]hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1).

Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch (5)

Conclusion

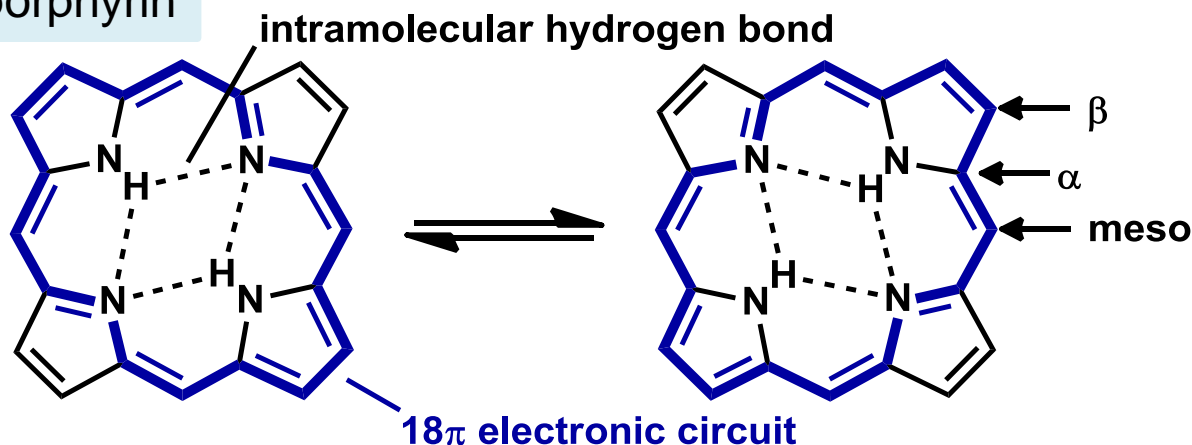


***A,D*-di-*p*-benzi[28]hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1) is the first example of dynamic switching between Hückel and Möbius topologies in a conjugated molecule.**

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (1)

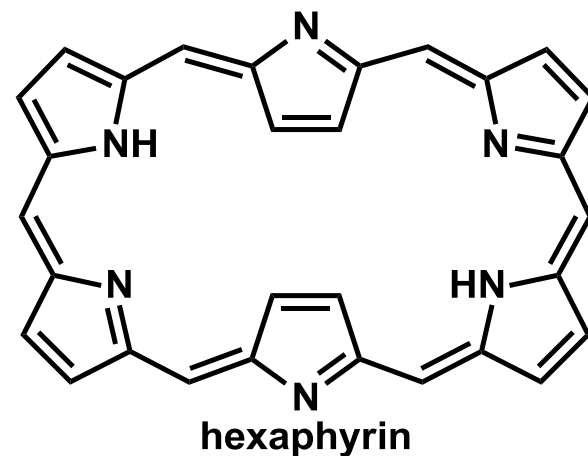
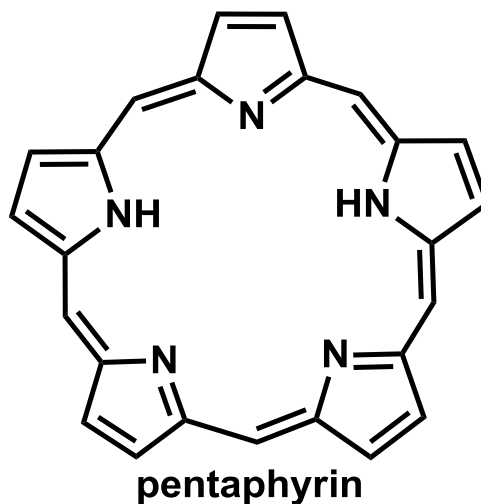
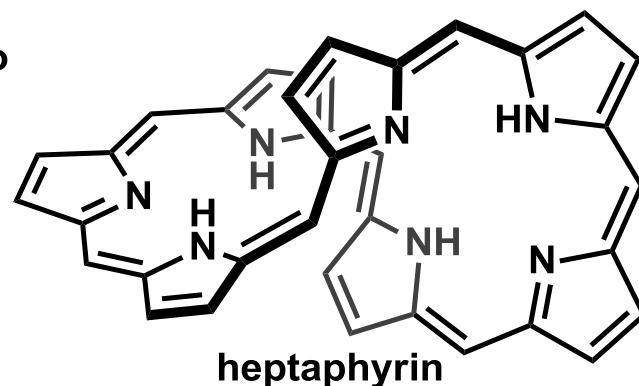
Expanded Porphyrins

porphyrin



expanded porphyrins

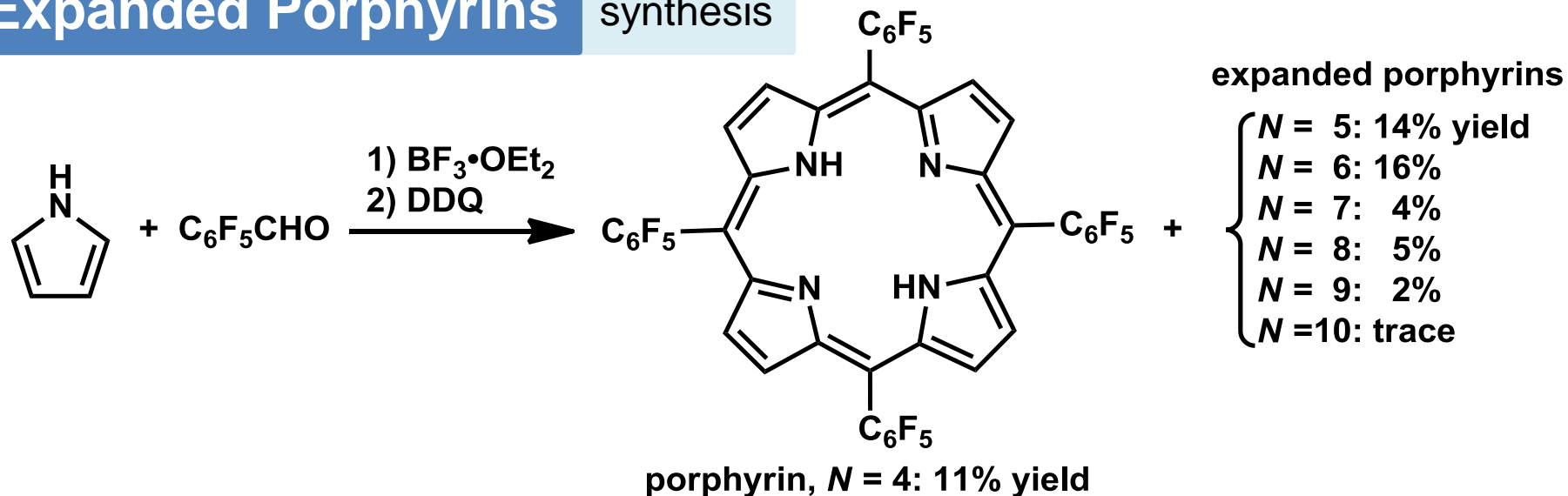
Macrocycles that contain “pyrrole, furan, thiophene, or other heterocyclic subunits linked together either directly or through one or more spacer atoms in such a manner that the internal ring pathway contains a minimum of 17 atoms”.



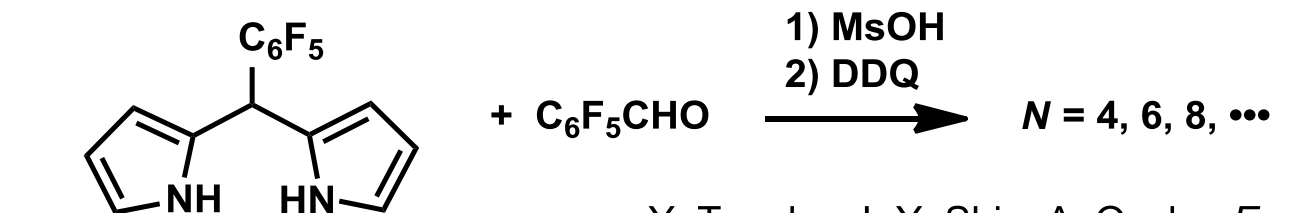
Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (2)

Expanded Porphyrins

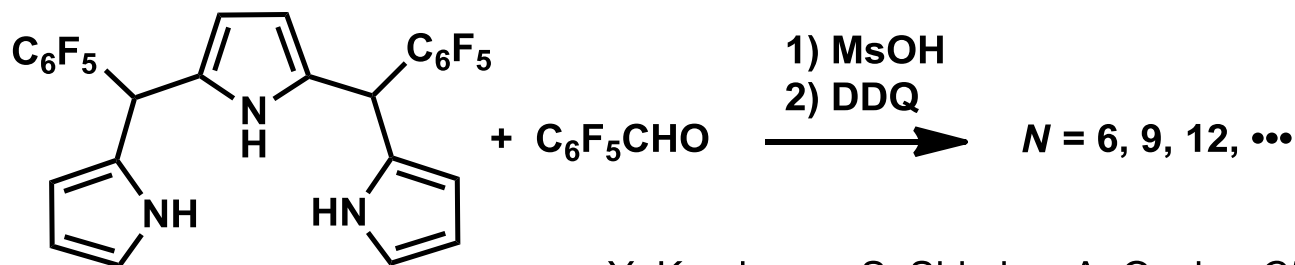
synthesis



J.-Y. Shin, H. Furuta, K. Yoza, S. Igarashi, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2001**, 123, 7190.



Y. Tanaka, J.-Y. Shin, A. Osuka, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2008**, 1341.

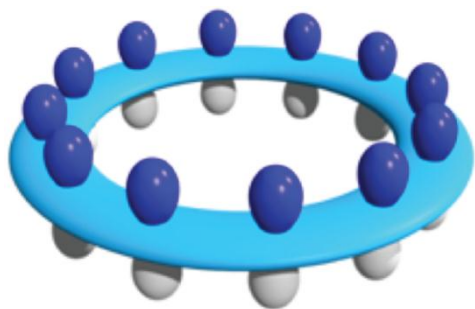


Y. Kamimura, S. Shimizu, A. Osuka, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2007**, 13, 1620.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (3)

Expanded Porphyrins

relationship between topology and aromaticity



planar Hückel

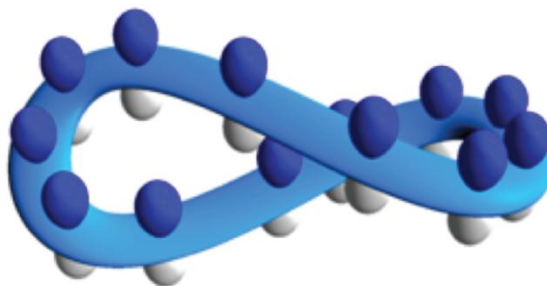


figure-eight Hückel



Möbius

$(4n + 2)\pi$: aromaticity
 $4n\pi$: antiaromaticity

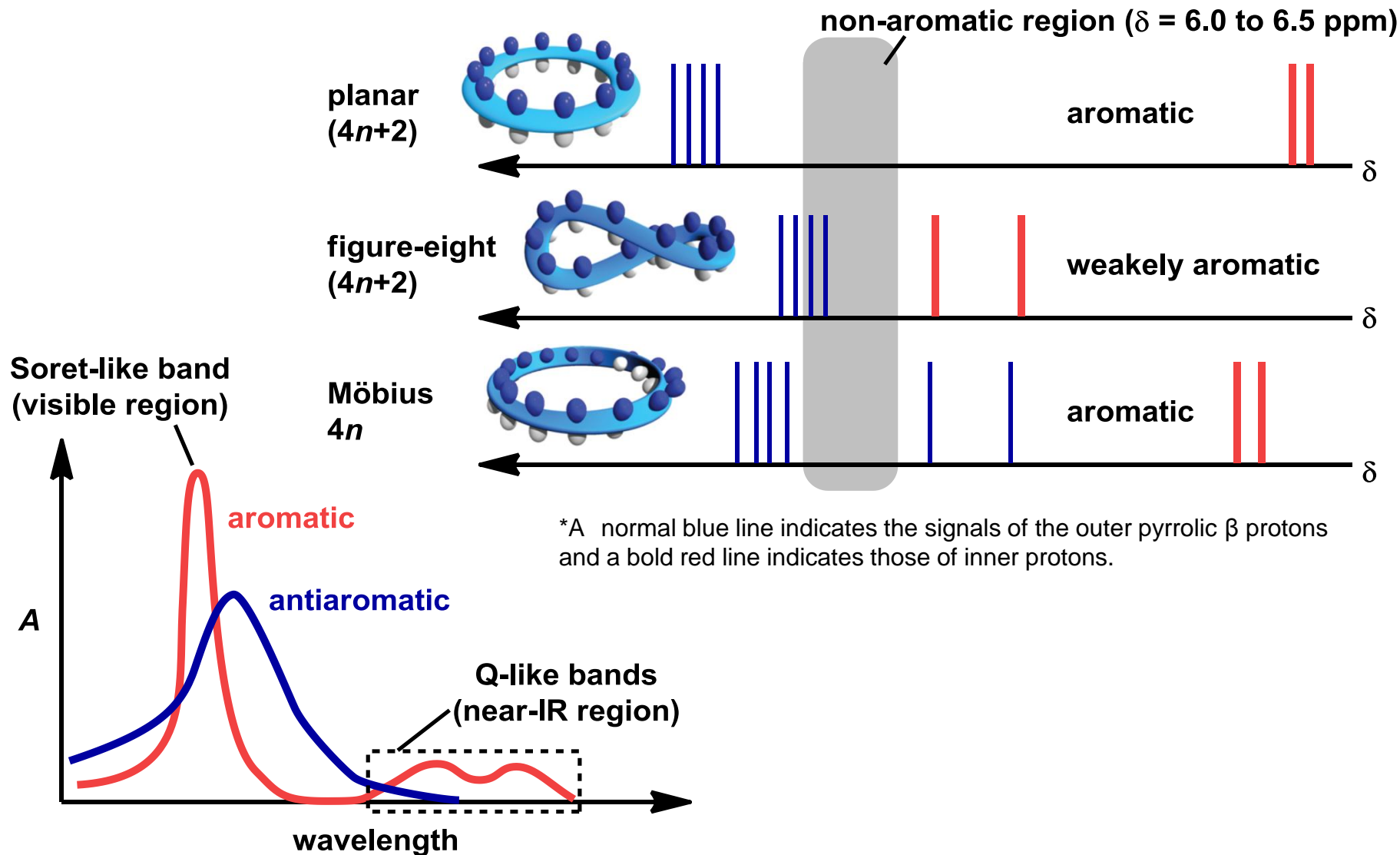
$4n\pi$: aromaticity
 $(4n + 2)\pi$: antiaromaticity

S. Saito, A. Osuka, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 4342.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (4)

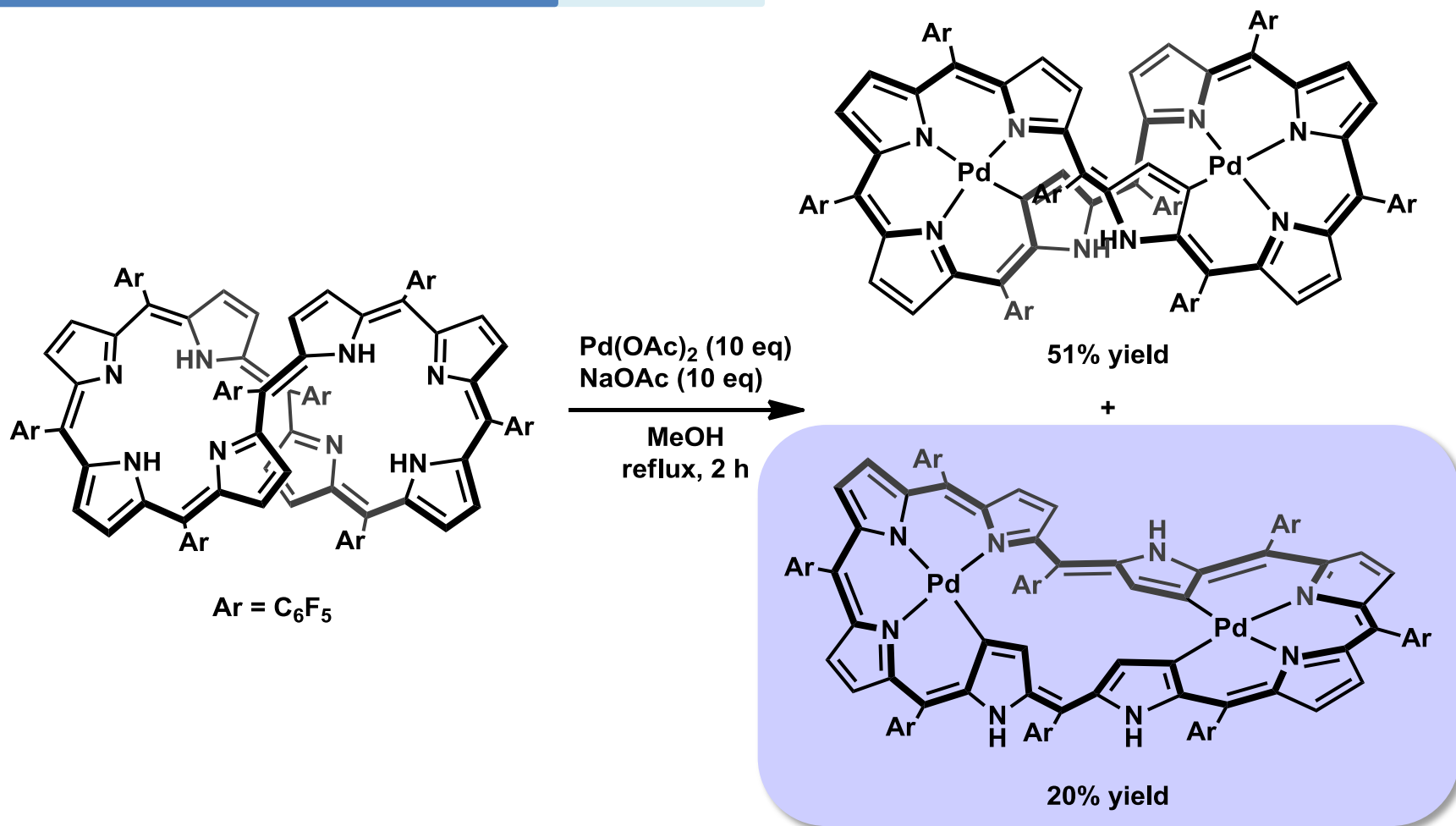
Expanded Porphyrins

aromaticity of expanded porphyrins



Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (5)

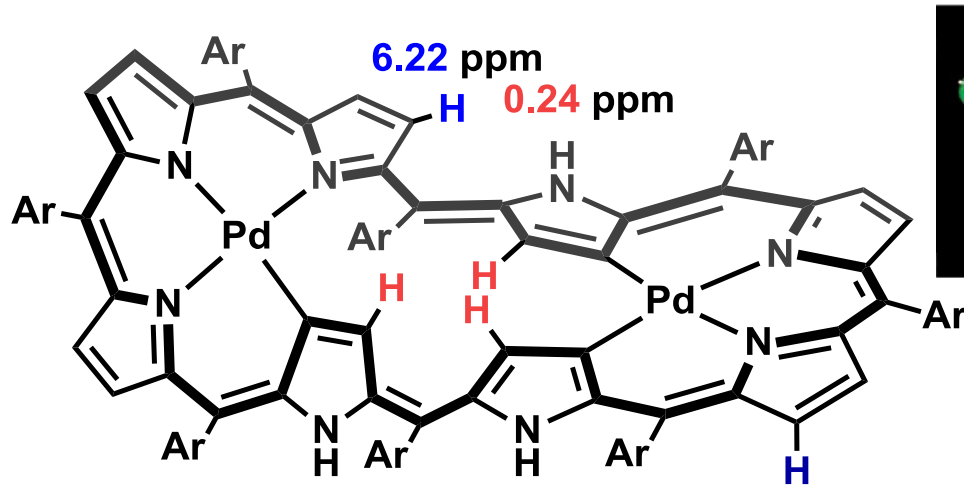
Bis-Pd^{II} [36]octaphyrin synthesis



Y. Tanaka, S. Saito, S. Mori, N. Aratani, H. Shinokubo, N. Shibata, Y. Higuchi, Z. S. Yoon, K. S. Kim, S. B. Noh, J. K. Park, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, *47*, 681.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (6)

Bis-Pd^{II} [36]octaphyrin properties

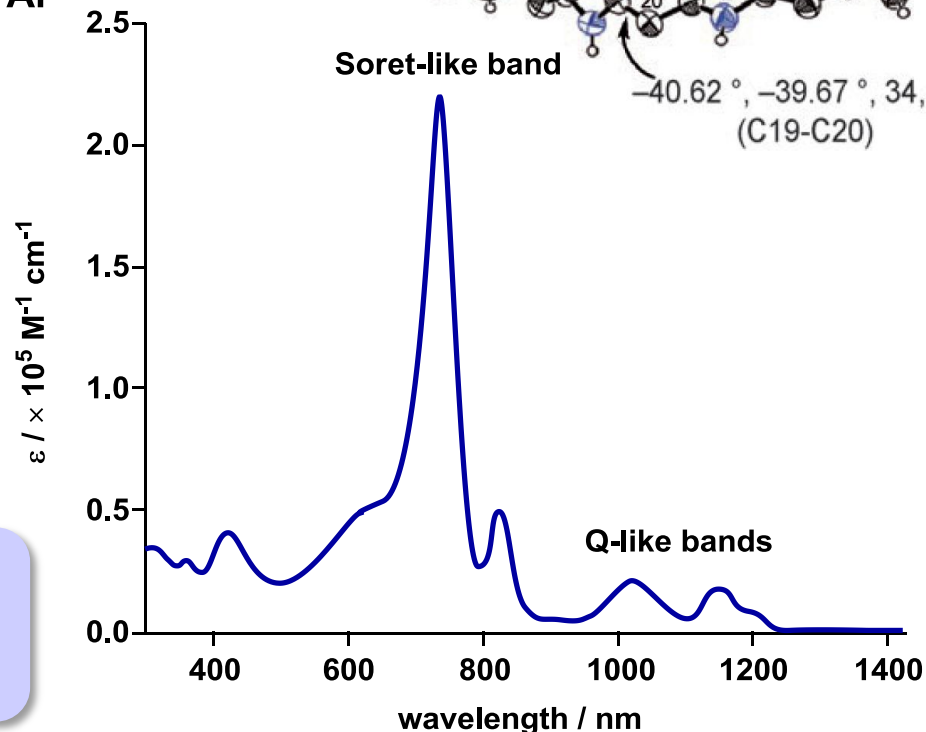
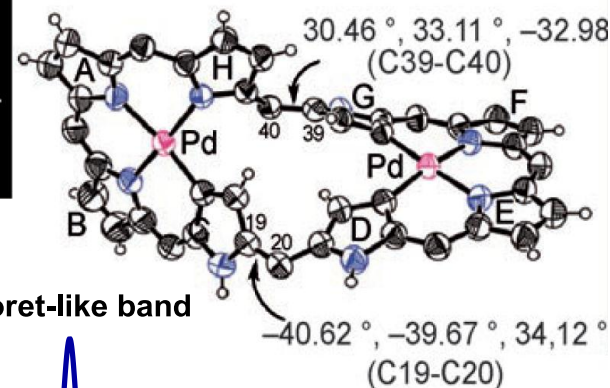
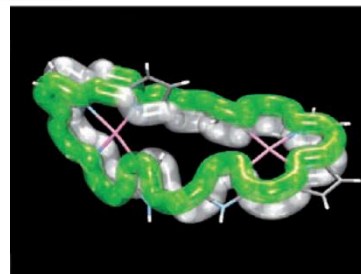


-1.77 ppm -2.93 ppm 8.19-7.42 ppm

Ar = C₆F₅

ΔR_{C-C} (Å)	NICS (ppm)	HOMA
0.113	-14.6	0.67

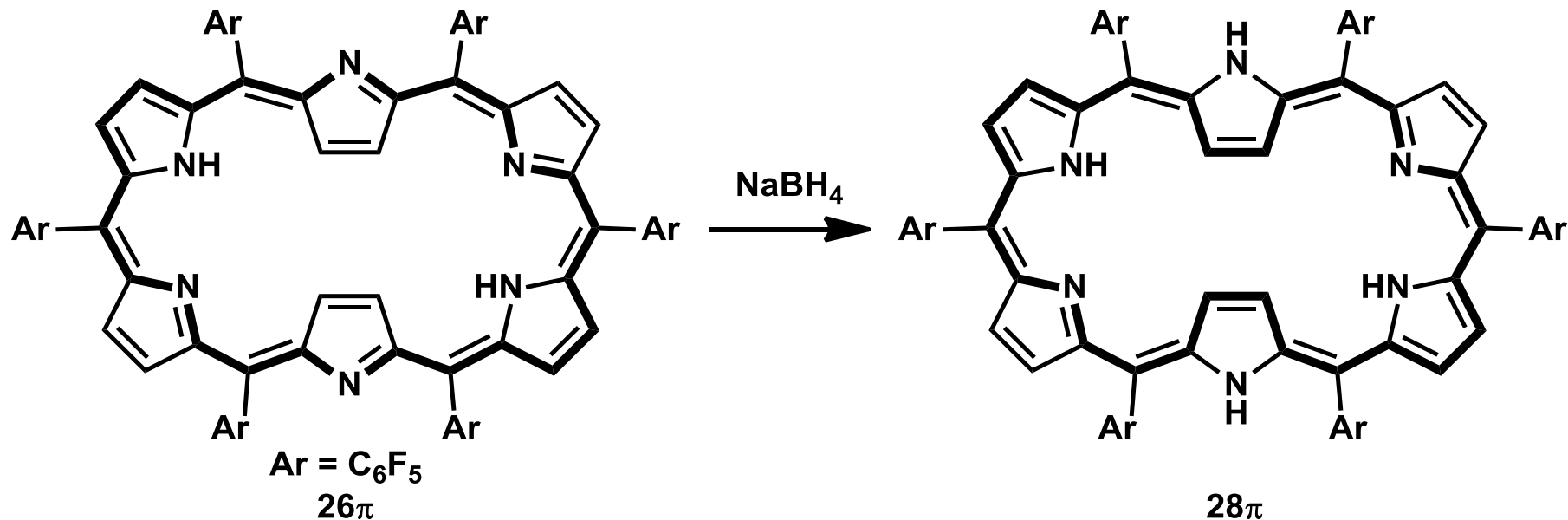
“metal complex is stable, conformationally locked Möbius aromatic molecule that displays distinct aromaticity.”



Y. Tanaka, S. Saito, S. Mori, N. Aratani, H. Shinokubo, N. Shibata, Y. Higuchi, Z. S. Yoon, K. S. Kim, S. B. Noh, J. K. Park, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, *47*, 681.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (7)

Conformational Equilibrium synthesis



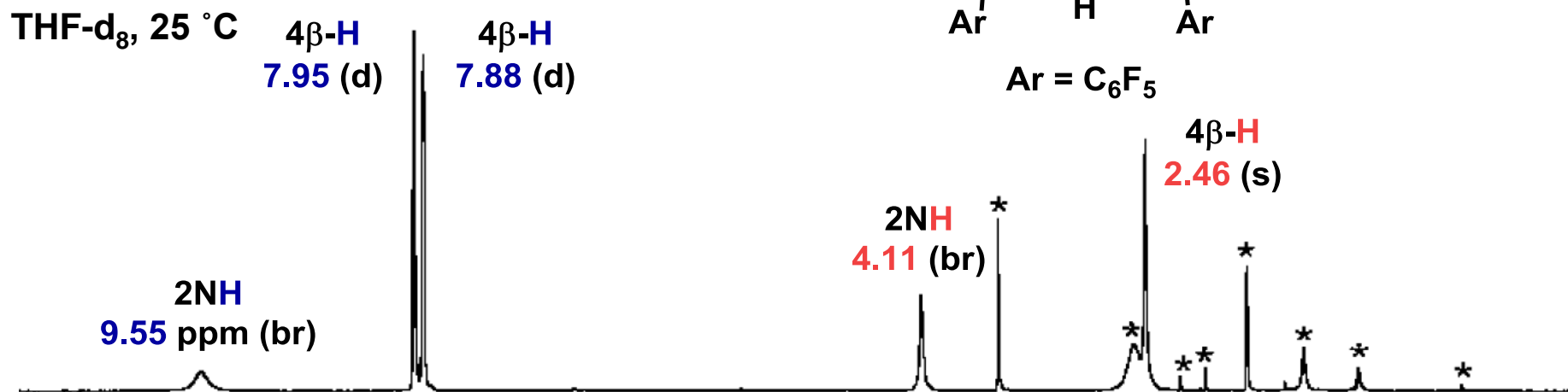
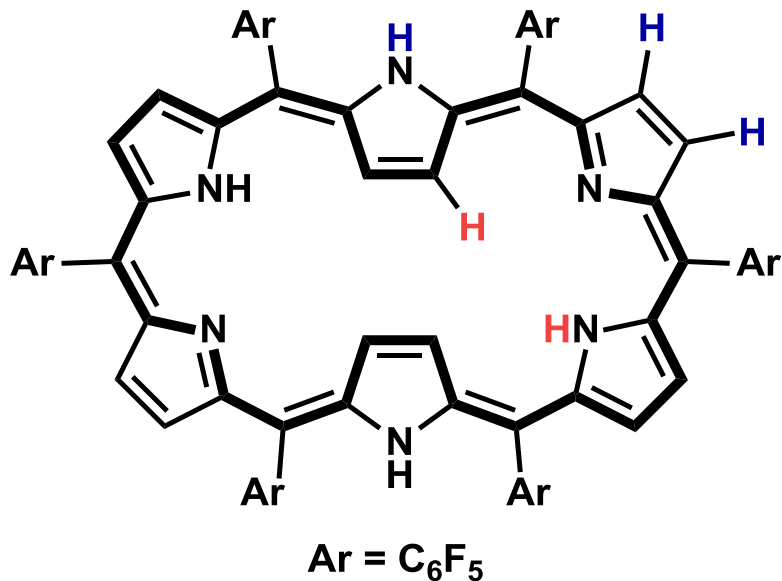
M. G. P. M. S. Neves, R. M. Martins, A. C. Tomé, A. J. D. Silvestre, A. M. S. Silva, V. Félix,
M. G. B. Drew, J. A. S. Cavaleiro, *Chem. Commun.* **1999**, 385.

J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon,
J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka,
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2008**, 130, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (8)

Conformational Equilibrium ¹H NMR spectrum

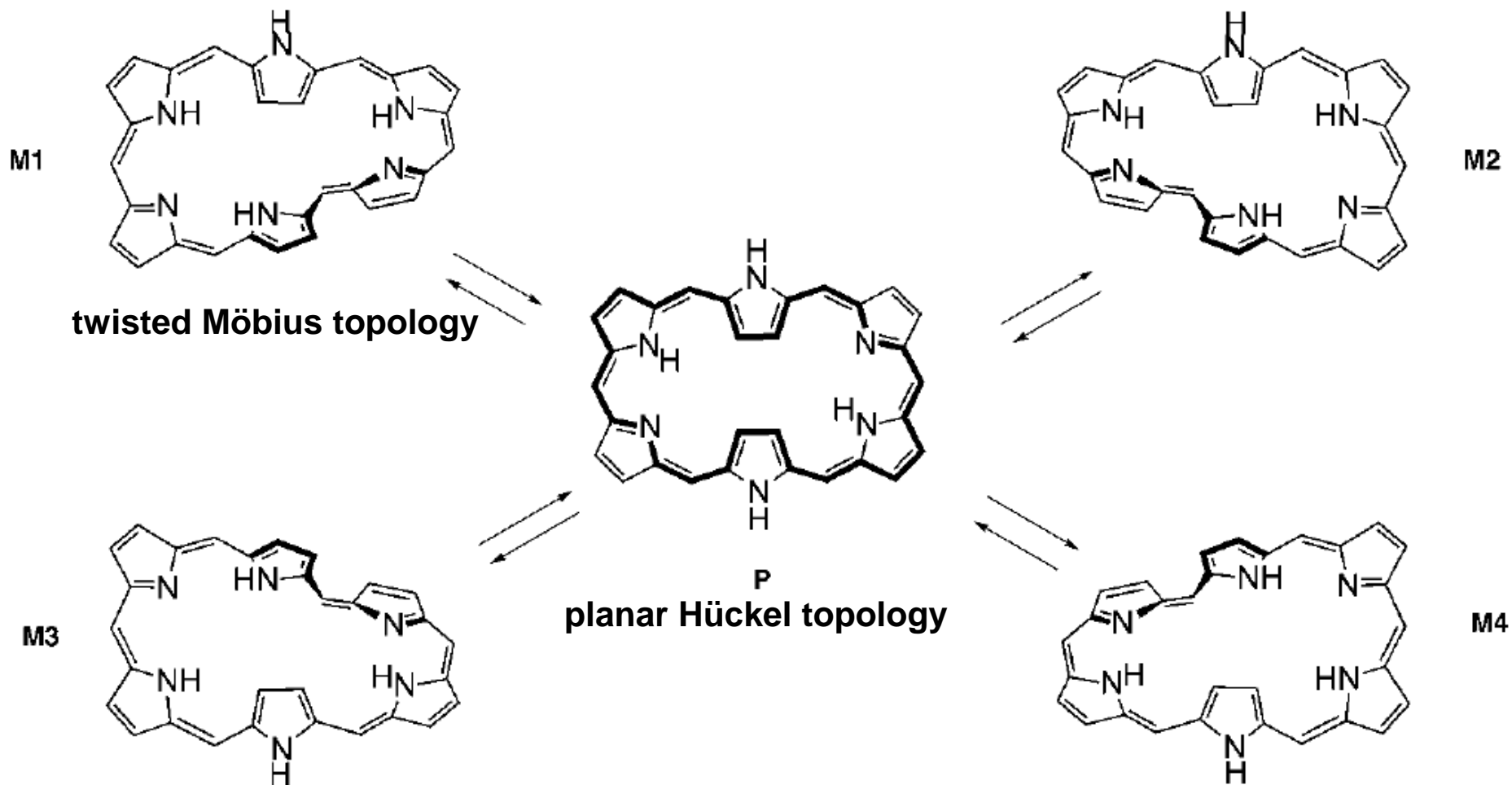
[28]hexaphyrin is planar rectangular conformation and exhibits a moderate diatropic ring current???



J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, 130, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (9)

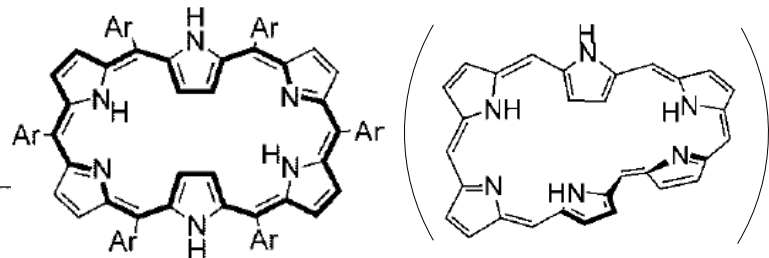
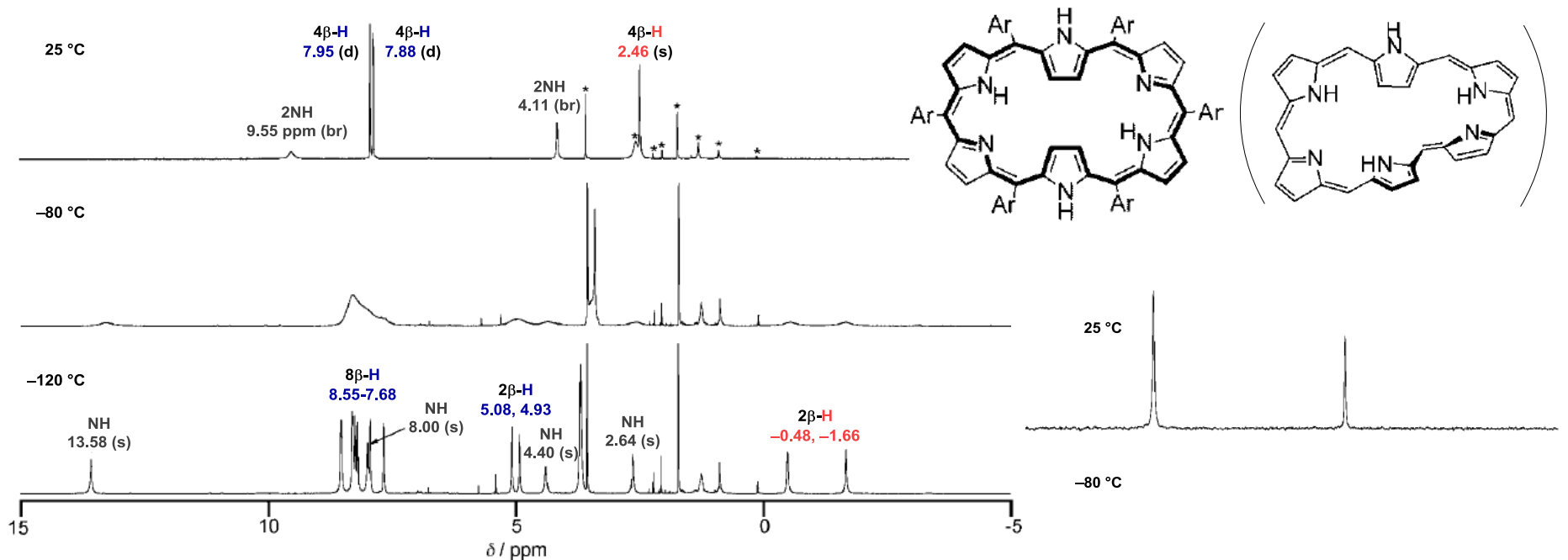
Conformational Equilibrium plausible conformational changes



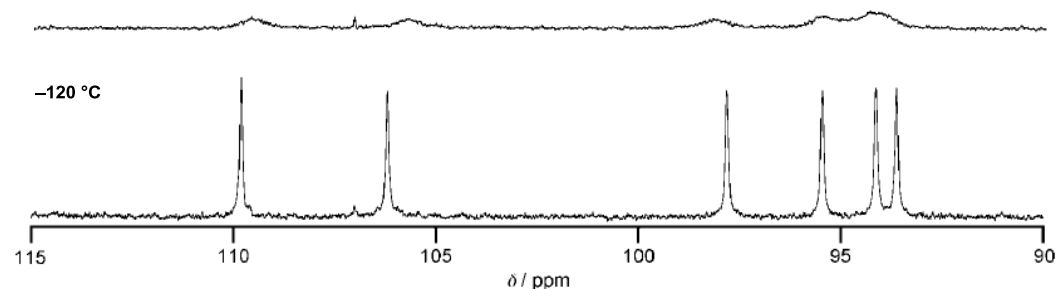
J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, 130, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (10)

Conformational Equilibrium NMR spectra



¹H NMR spectra of [28]hexaphyrin in THF-d₈. Peaks marked with * are due to residual solvents and impurities.

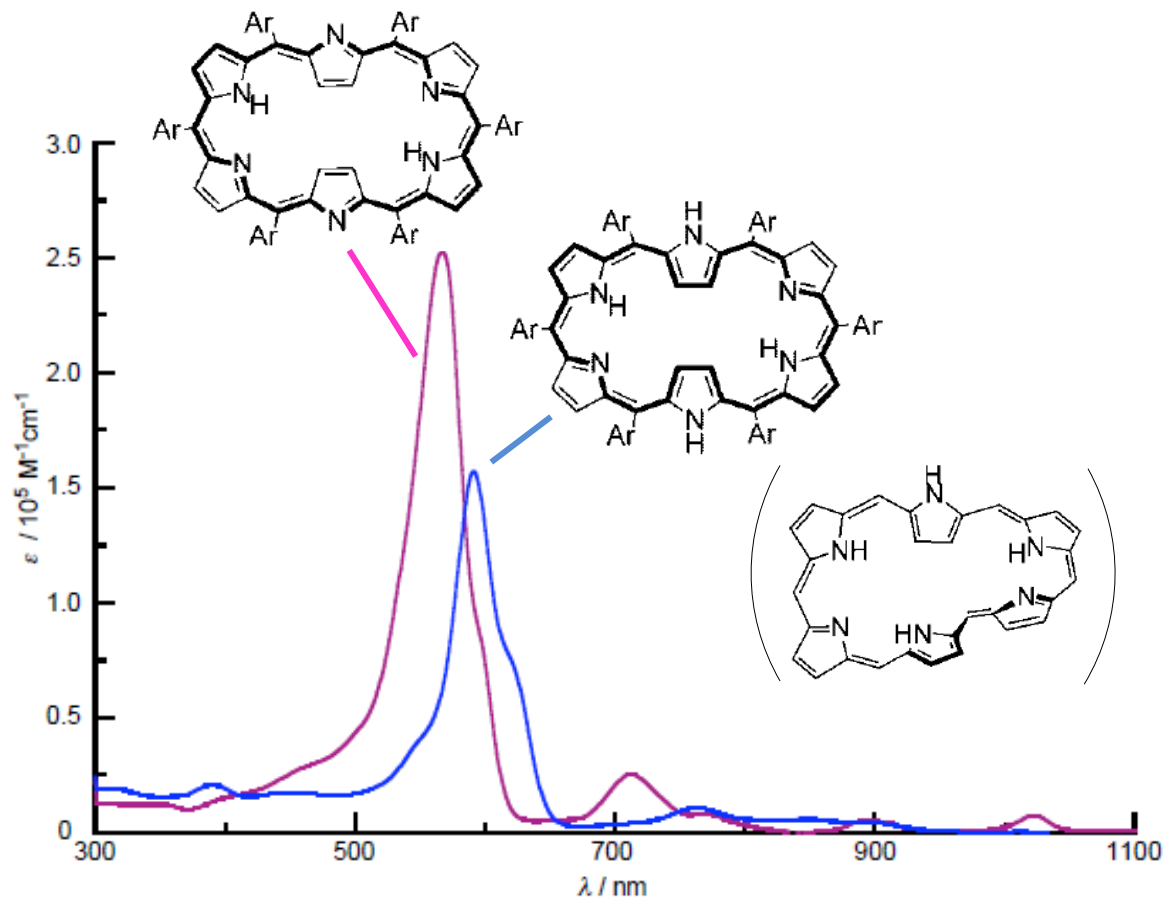


¹³C NMR spectra of [28]hexaphyrin in THF-d₈.

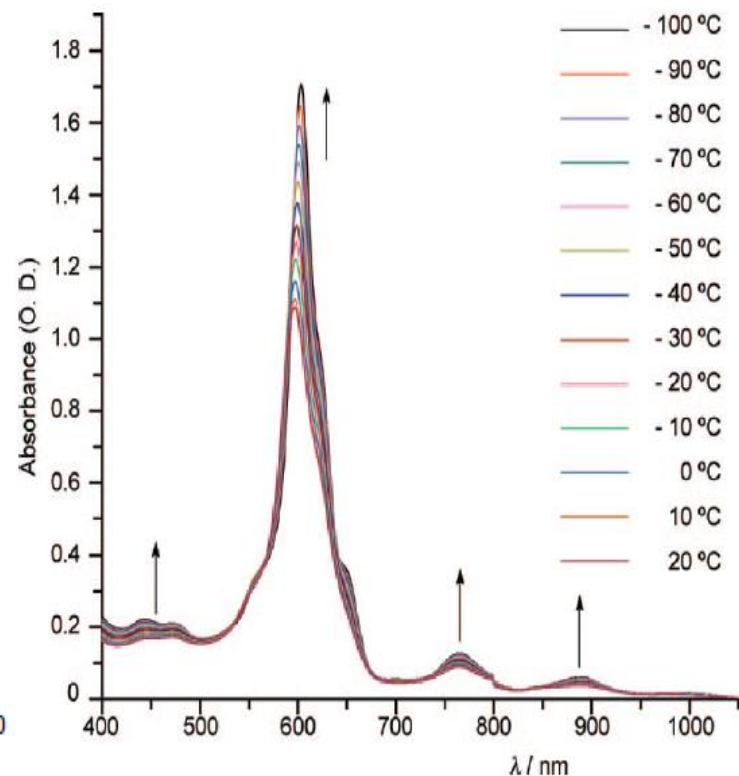
J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (11)

Conformational Equilibrium absorption spectra



UV/vis spectra in CH_2Cl_2 .



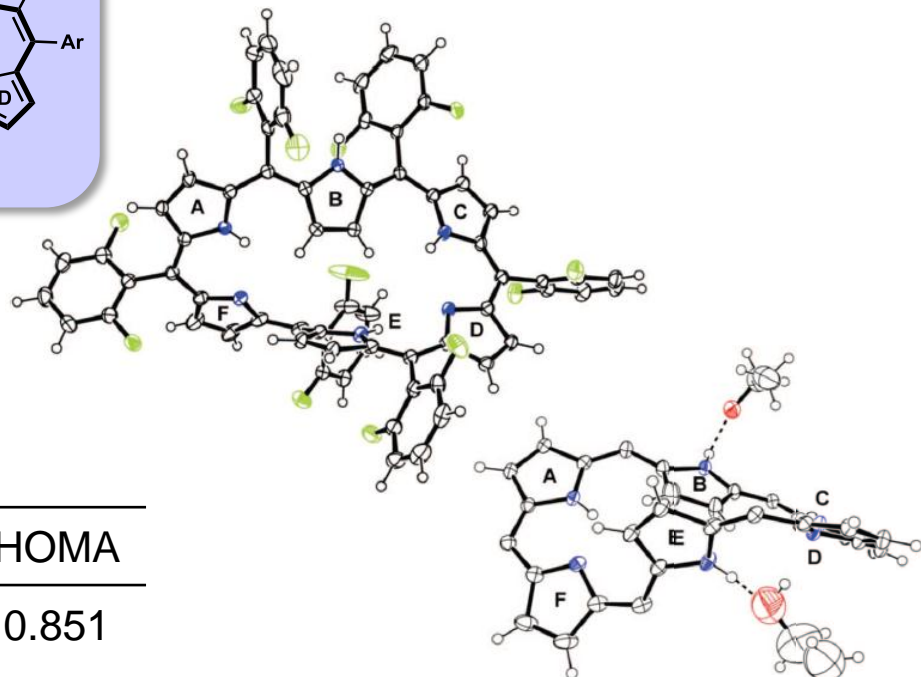
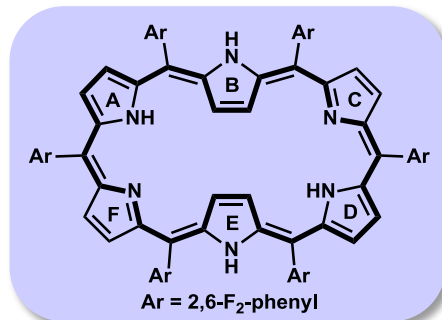
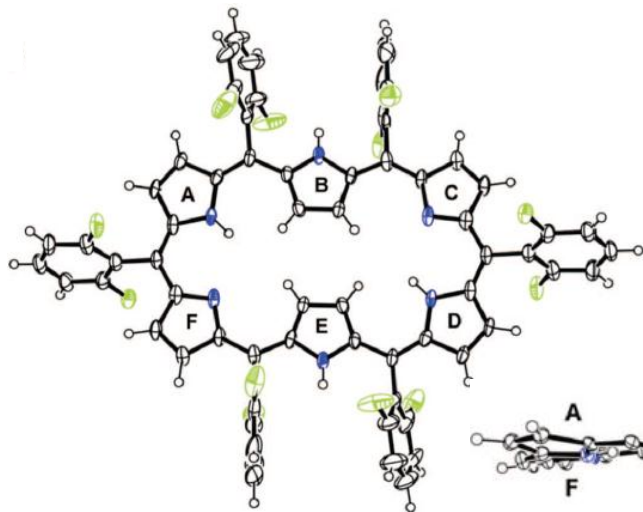
Variable-temperature UV/vis spectra in THF.

J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (12)

Conformational Equilibrium

X-ray structure and theoretical calculations



X-ray structure of [28]hexaphyrin from CHCl₃/*n*-heptane: top view and side view.

X-ray structure of [28]hexaphyrin from 1,2-dichloroethane/ethanol: top view and side view including hydrogen-bonded ethanol molecules.

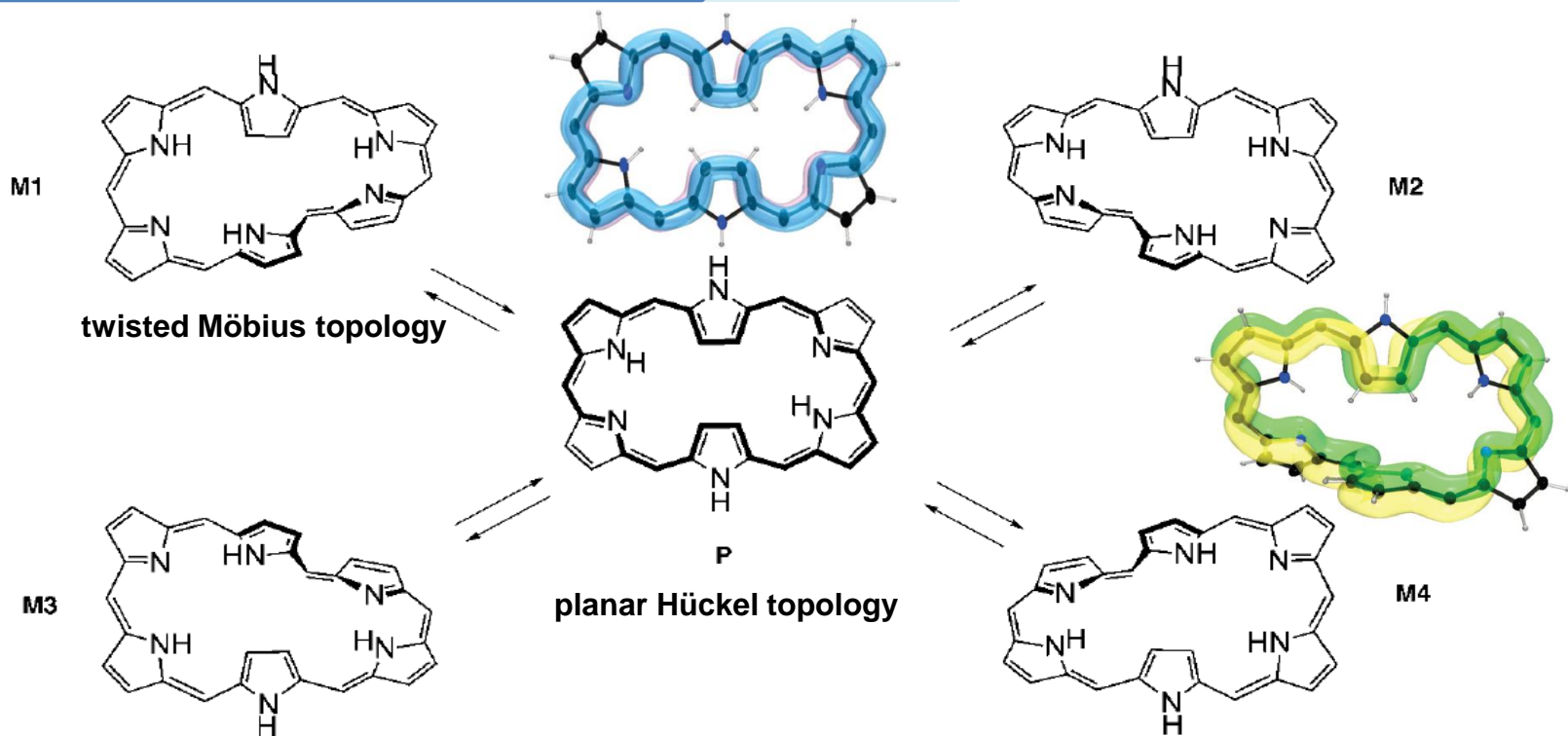
	ΔR_{C-C} (Å)	NICS (ppm)	HOMA
28 π Möbius*	0.073	-	0.851
28 π Hückel*	0.122	-	0.485
28 π Möbius (cal.)**	0.079	-15.2	0.713

*[28]hexaphyrin (Ar = 2,6-F₂-phenyl). **All of the aromatic substituents were replaced by hydrogens.

J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, 130, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (13)

Conformational Equilibrium conclusion



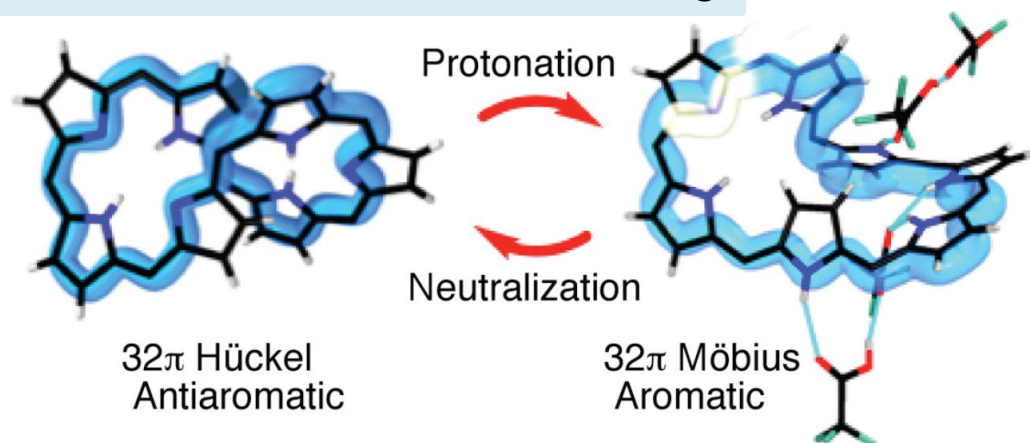
“meso-aryl-substituted [28]hexaphyrins(1.1.1.1.1) have been shown to exist in solution at 25 °C largely as an equilibrium of several rapidly interconverting twisted Möbius conformations with distinct aromaticities, with a small contribution from a rectangular conformation with antiaromatic character.”

J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, 130, 13568.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity (14)

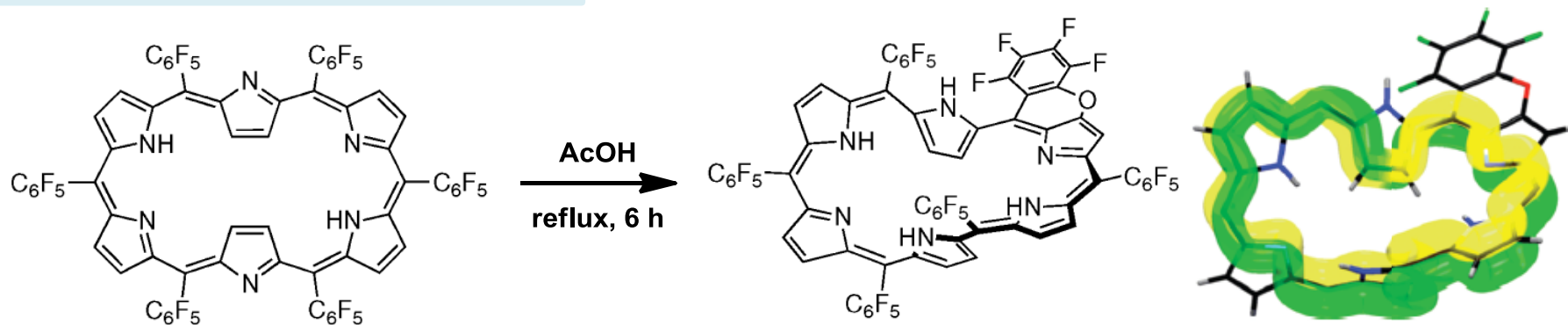
Other Topics

protonation/neutralization switching



S. Saito, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, K. S. Kim, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, 47, 9657.

intramolecular fusion reactions



S. Tokuji, J.-Y. Shin, K. S. Kim, J. M. Lim, K. Youfu, S. Saito, D. Kim, A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2009**, 131, 7240.

Summary and Outlook (1)

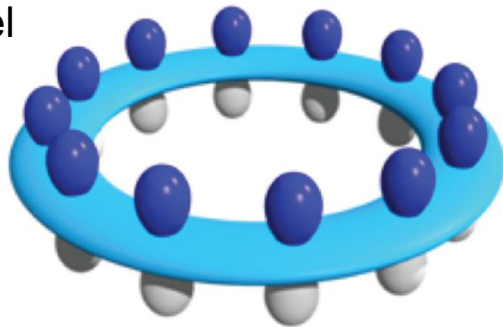
Summary

Criteria of Aromaticity

1. Chemical behavior—electrophilic aromatic substitution.
2. Structural—bond length equalization due to cyclic delocalization.
3. Energetic—enhanced stability (large resonance energy).
4. Magnetic—ring current effects.
 - 1H NMR chemical shifts
 - diamagnetic susceptibility exaltation (χ)
 - NICS

1964 Heilbronner Implications of Möbius Aromaticity

Hückel



$(4n + 2)\pi$: aromatic
 $4n\pi$: antiaromatic

Möbius



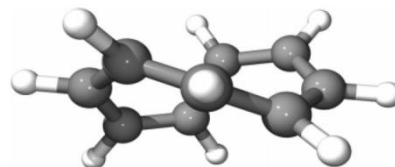
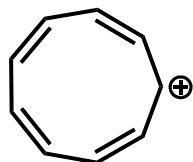
$4n\pi$: aromatic
 $(4n + 2)\pi$: antiaromatic

Summary and Outlook (2)

1998 Schleyer et al.

A Cationic Möbius Aromatic System (calculation)

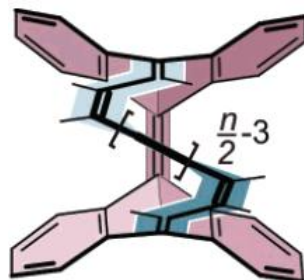
Eight-electron monocyclic cation $(\text{CH})_9^+$ actually does prefer C_2 -symmetrical structure and is Möbius aromatic rather than nonaromatic.



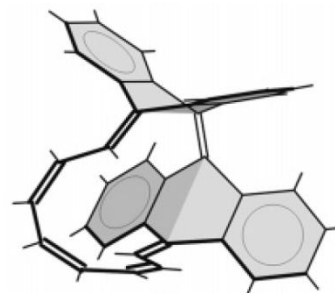
2003 Herges et al.

Synthesis and Properties of a Möbius Cycloalkene

Though Herges says that the C_2 Möbius structure is moderately aromatic, [16]annulene core of C_2 Möbius is nonaromatic.



Möbius



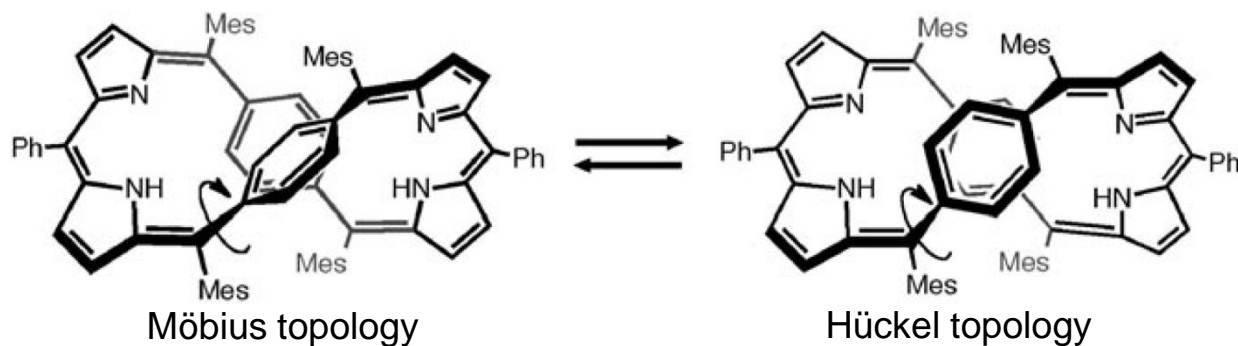
C_2 Möbius

Summary and Outlook (3)

2007 Grażyński et al.

Expanded Porphyrin with a Hückel-Möbius Topology Switch

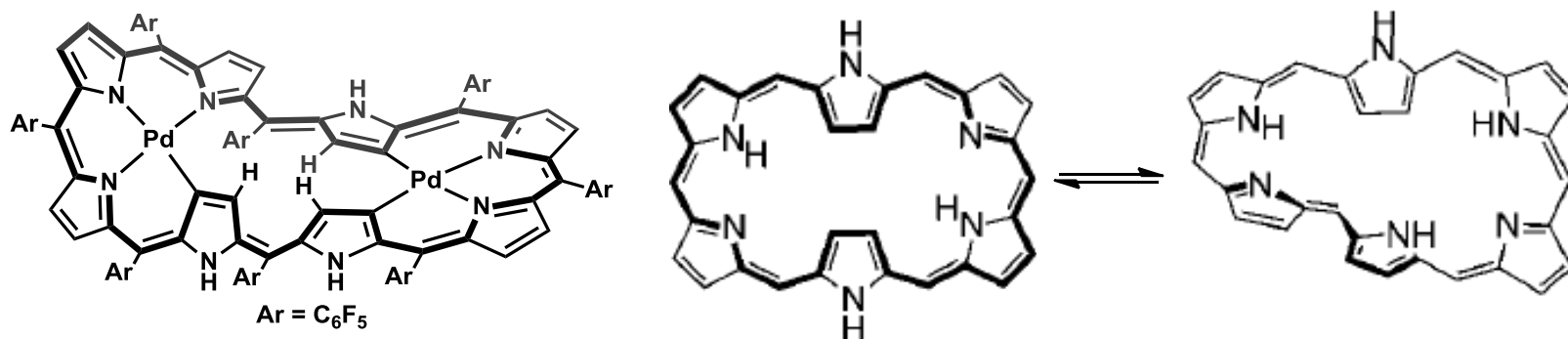
A,D-di-*p*-benzi[28]hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1) is the first example of dynamic switching between Hückel and Möbius topologies in a conjugated molecule.



2008 Osuka et al.

Expanded Porphyrins with a Möbius Aromaticity

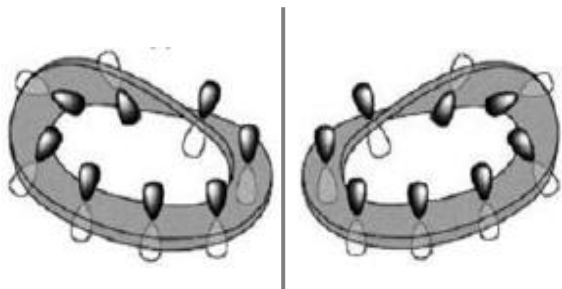
Some expanded porphyrins were the first examples of the molecules which have distinct Möbius aromaticity.



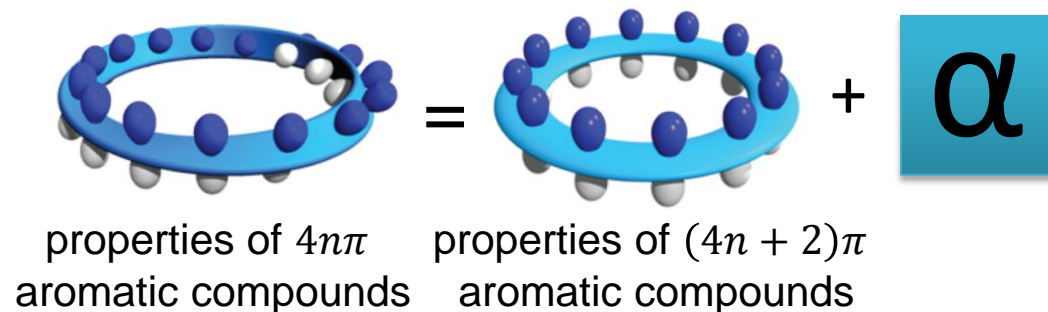
Summary and Outlook (4)

Outlook

Chirality



New Properties

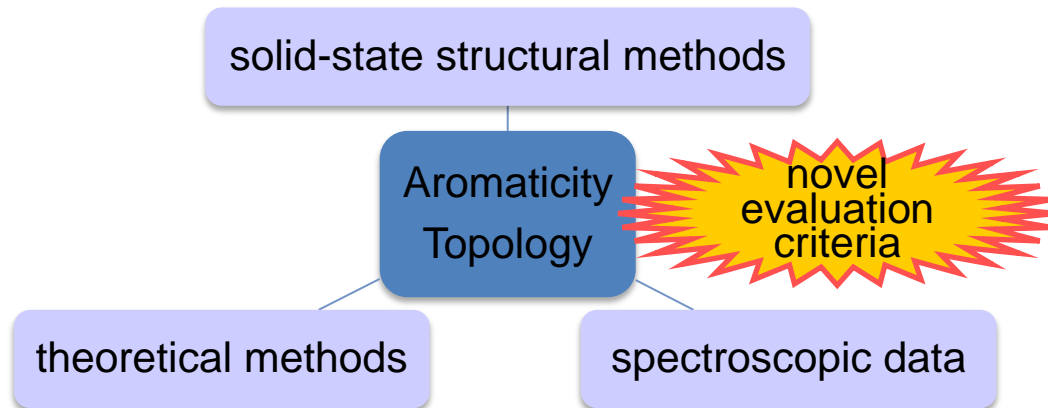


Möbius Antiaromaticity



$(4n + 2)\pi$ **antiaromaticity**

Novel Evaluation Criteria for Aromaticity and Topology



References

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R. Herges, *Chem. Rev.* **2006**, *106*, 4820.

Z. S. Yoon, A. Osuka, D. Kim, *Nat. Chem.* **2009**, *1*, 113.

S. Saito, A. Osuka, *化学*, **2010**, *65*, 23.

S. Saito, A. Osuka, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 4342.

A. Osuka, *Abstracts of Papers*, 21st Banyu Fukuoka Symposium, **2011**.